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FOREST PEST OUTBREAKS IN THE WEST KOOTENAY: AN EARLY SEASON UPDATE

A. J. Stewart Forest Insect and Disease Survey

The following table summarizes the current status and expected activity of agents currently at damaging levels in the western half of the Nelson Forest Region. Chronic outbreaks with little annual variability, such as some root rots, white pine blister rust, and western balsam bark beetle are not included; others, such as the mountain pine beetle and satin moth, are discussed in more local detail in concurrent pest reports.

AGENT	HOSTS	LOCATION	CURRENT STATUS	FORECAST
<u>Insect</u> Mountain pine beetle <u>Dendroctonus</u> ponderosae	IP, pP	Boundary south	Good over winter brood survival most areas, flight imminent	Larger flight than 1991, increased attack
Western spruce budworm <u>Choristoneura</u> occidentalis	Df, wL	southwest Boundary TSA	Number infested buds down by 35%, late instar larvae to pupae	Light to moderate defoliation occurring
Western hemlock looper <u>Lambdina</u> fiscellaria lugubrosa	Wh, wrC	Revelstoke McNaughton Lakes	Early to mid instar larvae numerous in and near outbreak	Continued moderate to severe defoliation

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			CURRENT	
AGENT	HOSTS	LOCATION	STATUS	FORECAST
Insects	10313	LOCATION	STATUS	FURECASI
Gray spruce looper <u>Carepeta</u> <u>divisata</u>	Wh	Arrow, Box, and Slocan Lakes	Moth flight underway	Possible decline due to high disease levels
Satin moth <u>Leucoma</u> salicis	+A	Bridesville to Anarchist	New outbreak, severe defolication,	Defoliation finished for 1992
SallCIS		Mtn., NE Grand Forks	pupa stage	101 1992
Alfalfa looper <u>Autographa</u> <u>californica</u>	field crops, fruit trees, shrubs	Revelstoke, Nakusp, Kaslo, New Dender	Egg stage	Large spring moth flight, possible defoliation when larvae emerge
Douglas-fir tussock moth <u>Orgyia</u> <u>pseudotsugata</u>	D£	South of Christina Lake	No larval feeding yet noted.	Defoliation expected after high moth catches 1991.
Yellowheaded spruce sawfly <u>Pikonema</u> alaskensis	spruce	within 15 km of Castlegar	Mostly moderate defoliation	Continues to inten- sify and spread.
Diseases			landen die Sal	
Pine needle cast <u>Lophodermella</u> <u>concolor</u>	1P	Southern Boundary, Arrow, and Kootenay	Moderate to severe infection of 1991 foliage	Hot and dry weather spring 1992 should
		Lake Districts	widespread on understory and regen. foliage.	limit new infections.
Larch needle cast <u>Hypodermella</u> <u>laricis</u>	WL	Host range in region.	Light to moderate infections	Less than 1991 due to drier spring weather.

AGENT <u>Diseases</u>	HOSTS	LOCATION	CURRENT STATUS	FORECAST
Rhizina root disease <u>Rhizina</u> <u>undulata</u>	all seed- lings spp. suscept	Revelstoke, Upper Arrow and Kootenay Lake TSAs	<5% more seedling mortality after winter	Patchy, scattered outbreak will probably continue, few new fruiting bodies already
*1P = lodgepole	pine, pP	= ponderosa	pine, $Df = Doughted Df$	seen glas-fir <i>.</i>

*1P = lodgepole pine, pP = ponderosa pine, Df = Douglas-fir, wL = western larch, wH = western hemlock, wrC = western red cedar, +A = trembling aspen