Environnement Canada

Forestry Service Service des Forêts

MONITORING OF AVIAN POPULATIONS

DURING EXPERIMENTAL INSECT

CONTROL OPERATIONS IN

BRITISH COLUMBIA IN 1976.

by

B. B. McLeod

File Report 59

October, 1976

A Preliminary Report to the Pacific Forest Research Centre.

Chemical Control Research Institute Ottawa, Ontario, Canada.

CONFIDENTIAL - NOT FOR PUBLICATION

This report may not be cited or published in whole or in part without the written consent of The Director, Chemical Control Research Institute, Canadian Forestry Service, Environment Canada, 25 Pickering Place, Ottawa, Ontario KIA OW3, Canada.

INTRODUCTION

Experimental trials using aerial applications of Orthene R and Dimilin R were carried out against the Douglas fir tussock moth, Orgyia pseudotsugata (McDunnough) infestations in the Kamloops area of British Columbia. Orthene was applied at the emitted dosage rate of 1.121 kg/ha (16 oz/ac) and Dimilin at the rate of 0.140 kg/ha (2 oz/ac) and 0.035 kg/ha ($\frac{1}{2}$ oz/ac).

The Environment Impact group of the Chemical Control Research
Institute monitored the forest bird complex in treated and untreated forest
stands and the aquatic invertebrate complex inhabitating ponds and streams in
both treated and untreated areas.

This report highlights the results of bird monitoring operations that are available to date. The aquatic monitoring data has not been processed to the point to where the results are available for this report.

METHODS

Forest songbird populations were assessed on 4 hectare (10 acre) plots in treated and untreated areas using techniques similar to those described by Kendeigh 1944. Populations were monitored daily and recorded on plot maps starting about 5 days prior to the application of the insecticide and continuing throughout the experimental period, ending approximately 5 days after the treatment. On the day of the application of the insecticide, plot searches were carried out in an attempt to recover any sick or dead birds for pesticide residue analysis. Five forest plots (Tables I - V) and one open marsh plot were monitored in the Orthene trials and two forest plots (Tables VI and VII) monitored in the 0.140 kg/ha (2 oz/ac) Dimilin trial.

Aquatic organisms were collected from streams and ponds in areas receiving the Orthene and both Dimilin trials. Surber samples (Surber 1936) were taken from stream and pond bottoms, preserved and returned to the laboratory for sorting, identification and data analysis.

RESULTS

Orthene: Preliminary analysis of the data indicate that the Orthene trials did not cause any mortality to breeding bird populations on the census plots. Avian populations on the treated plots remained relatively stable while those on the untreated check plot increased. This population increase is mainly due to small groups of such species as brown-headed cowbirds, Molothrus ater (Boddaert), black-capped chickadees, Parus atricapillus Linnaeus and pine siskins, Spinus pinus (Wilson) foraging through the plot. The data do not indicate that these species had vacated the treated areas. Species occupying breeding territories such as the Traill's flycatcher, Empidonax traillii (Audubon) and the chipping sparrow, Spizella passerina (Beckstein) were not affected by the treatment except on plot 2 (Table III) where activity was noticeably reduced on the day following treatment but territories remained occupied.

Red-winged blackbirds, Agelaius phoeniceus (Linnaeus) occupying territories in an open catail marsh were observed throughout the Orthene trial monitoring period. Numerous territories were identified but only three nests were located close to the shore. Searches for nests in the other territories being hampered by deep water and muddy bottom conditions. Living young were observed in all three nests throughout the census period.

Dimilin: Avian populations on the untreated check plot increased after the application of Dimilin while populations on the treated plot remained relatively constant. A decrease in activity was recorded on the day after the application but returned to normal on day 2. Small groups of black-capped chickadees P. atricapillus L. and American robins, Tardus migrotorius Linnaeus were mainly responsible for the daily population fluctuations of the daily population census. Again the data do not indicate that these wandering groups were forced to leave the treated area.

SUMMARY

Preliminary analysis of the data indicate that under the conditions of application neither Orthene at the emitted dosage rate of 1.121 kg/ha or Dimilin at the emitted dosage rate of 0.140 kg/ha caused any mortality to the small forest bird complex in the treatment areas. A one day reduction in activity was experienced on plot 2 (Table III) in the Orthene trials and on the Dimilin treatment plot. The data do not indicate the insecticides caused this decline. Nestling blackbirds in nests exposed to the Orthene trial were not affected.

Table I

Forest bird population census
Orthene^R untreated check plot
Kamloops, British Columbia
May 23 - June 2
1976

	•		٠.	Pre-s	pray da	ays				Post-	spray	days	
Family	Species	May 23	May 24	May 25	Мау 26	May 27	Daily Average	May 29	Мау 30	May 31	June 1	June 2	Daily Average
		-5	-4	-3	-2	-1		+1	+2	+3	+4	+ 5	
Scolopacidae	Common Snipe	0 .	0	1	1	. 1	0.6	1	1	1	1	1	1.0
Columbidae	Mourning Dove	1	1	1	1	0	0.8	1	0	0	. 0	0	0.2
[rochilidae	Calliope Hummingbird	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	1	1	1	0 .	, 0	0.6
Picidae	Common Flicker	0	1	0	0	0	0.2	0	0	0		0	0.0
	Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	1	1	2	2	2	1.6
Tyrannidae	Say!s Phoebe	1	1	0	0	0	0.4	. 1	0	0	0	0	0.2
	Traill's Flycatcher	4	2	2	4	5	3.4	4	5	6	6	6	5.6
Corvidae	Raven	0.	1	0	2	0	0.6	0	0	1	0	0	0.2
Paridae	Black-capped Chickadee	1	2	1	4	3	2.2	5	5	4	0	6	4.0
	Mountain Chickadee	0	2	0	0	0	0.4	0	,0	0	4	0	0.8
Sittidae	White-breasted Nuthatch	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	1	1	0	. 0	0.4
	Red-breasted Nuthatch	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	1	1	0	1	1	0.8

<u>م</u> ا

Table I cont'd

				Pre-s	pray da	ays				Post-	-spray o	lays	
Family	Species	May 23 -5	May 24 -4	May 25 -3	May 26 -2	May 27 -1	Daily Average	May 29 +1	May 30 +2	May 31 +3	June 1 +4	June 2 +5	Daily Average
Turdidae	American Robin	1	4	1	0	1	1.4	1	1	3	4	4	2.6
1010100	Swainson's Thrush	1	1	1	1	0	0.8	1	2	0	0	1	0.8
	Townsend's Solitaire	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	1	1	0.4
Vireonidae	Solitary Vireo	2	0	2	2	1	1.4	2	2	0	3	3	2.0
Parulidae	Magnolia Warbler	0	1	0	0	0	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
	Black-throated Gray Warbler	0	0	1	0	2	0.6	. 1	0	0	0	. 0	0.0
	Audubons Warbler	3	2	3	0	1	1.8	1	3	2	3	2	2.2
	Chestnut-sided Warbler	0	0	0	2	0	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
	Wilson's Warbler	1	0	0	2	0	0.6	. 0	2	1	1	0	0.8
Icteridae	Brewer's Blackbird	1	3	1	0	0	1.0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
	Brown-headed Cowbird	0	0	0	3	1	0.8	5	2	3	7	3	4.0
Thraupidae	Western Tanager	3	5	3	4	1	3.2	2	2	4	6	2	3.2
Fringillidae	Pine Siskin	0	0	0	1	0	0.2	2	0	0	5	8	3.0
	Chipping sparrow	6	3	5	2	6	4.4	2	5	5	5	5	4.4
Inidentified spo	ecies	0	0	1	0	0	0.2	1	0	0	0	3	0.8
Totals		25	29	23	29	22	26.6	33	. 34	34	49	47	39.4

1 5:

Table II

Forest bird population census
Orthene treatment plot 1
Kamloops, British Columbia
May 23 - June 2, 1976

			P	re-sp	ray d	ays	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Post-	spray	days	
Family	Species	May 23 -5	May 24 -4	May 25 -3	May 26 -2	May 27 -1	Daily ave		May 29 +1	May 30 +2	May 31 +3	June 1 ÷4	June 2 +5	Daily ave
Tetraonidae	Ruffed Grouse	1	1	2	0	0	0.8		0	1	0	0	0	0.2
Trochilidae	Calliope Hummingbird	2	2	4	1	2	2.2		0	2	2	0	1	1.0
Picidae	Common Flicker	0	0	1	0	0	0.2		1	1	0	0	0	0.4
	Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	0	0	0	1	0	0.2		0	0	0	0	1	0.2
Tyrannidae	Traill's Flycatcher	1	1	3	2	2	1.8		5	5	3	4	2	3.8
Corvidae	Black-billed Magpie	0	0	0	0	1	0.2		0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Paridae	Black-capped Chickadee	0	2	0	1	0	0.6		5	0	2	0	0	1.4
	Mountain Chickadee	0	0	2	0	0	0.4		0	0	0	2	0	0.4
Sittidae	Red-breasted Nuthatch	0	0	0	1	0	0.2		0	0	0	1	0	0.2
Turdidae	American Robin	2	3	1	4	1	2.2		0	0	1	3	1	1.0
	Swainson's Thrush	0	0	0	1	1	0.4		0	0	1	1	1	0.6
	Townsend's Solitaire	0	1	0	0 .	1	0.4		2	0	1.	0	2	1.0
Vireonidae	Solitary Vireo	3	1	0	1	1	1.2	•	0	0	0	1	1	0.4
	Warbling Vireo	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	٠.	0	¹ - 1	0	. 0	0	0.2

Table II

· Cont d

		•	P	re-sp	ray d	ays					Post-	spray	days	
Family	Species	May 23 -5	May 24 -4	May 25 -3	May 26 -2	May 27 -1	Daily ave		May 29 +1	May 30 +2	May 31 +3	June 1 +4	June 2 +5	Daily ave
Parulidae	Nashville Warbler	0	1	1	0	0	0.4.		1	0	0 .	0	0	0.2
	Audubon's Warbler	1	0	0	0	. 0	0.2		1	0	0	1	0	0.4
	MacGillivray's Warbler	1	0	0	1	0	0.4		0	1	0	0	0	0.2
	Wilson's Warbler	1	0	0	0	0	0.2		0	0	0	0	0 ·	0.0
Icteridae	Rusty Blackbird	1	0 -	0	0	0	0.2		0	0	0	0	0	0.0
•	Brewer's Blackbird	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	•	1	0	0	0	0	0.2
	Brown-headed Cowbird	0	0	0	1	0	0.2		0	· 1	0	0	1	0.4
Thraupidae	Western Tanager	2	2	1	2	1	1.6		4	4	1	1	2	2.4
Fringillidae	Evening Grosbeak	0	4	0	0	0	0.8		0	0	0	0	0	0.0
	Pine Siskin	3	7	2	1	0	2.6		3	<i>i</i> 2	2	5	0	2.4
·	Dark-eyed Junco	0	0	0	0	0	0.0		1	0	3	1	1	1.2
	Chipping Sparrow	5 ·	7	8	3	7	6.0		7	4	4	2	0	3.4
Totals:	•	23	32	25	20	17	23.4		31	22	20	22	13	21.6

7

١.

Table III

Forest bird population census
Orthene treatment plot 2
Kamloops, British Columbia
May 23 - June 2, 1976

			P	re-sp	ray d	lays			·				days	<u> </u>
Family	Species	May 23 -5	May 24 -4	May 25 -3	May 26 -2	May 27 -1	Daily ave		May 29 +1	May 30 +2	May 31 +3	June 1 +4	June 2 +5	Daily ave
Tetraonidae	Ruffed Grouse	1	1	0	0	0	0.4		0 .	1	0	0	1	0.4
Columbidae	Mourning Dove	1	0	0	0	0	0.2		0 ;	. 0	0	0	0	0.0
Trochilidae	Calliope Hummingbird	0	2	0	2	1	1.0		1	0	1	1	0	0.6
Picidae	Common Flicker	0	0	0	0	1	0.2		1	1	. 0	0	0	0.4
	Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	0	0	1	0	0,	0.2	. 1	0	1	2	0	0	0.6
Tyrannidae	Traill's Flycatcher	1	1	1	. 1	0	0.8		1	3	4	3	2	2.6
Paridae	Black-capped Chickadee	0	1	1	4	2	1.6		1	4	5 .	1	0	2.2
	Mountain Chickadee	. 0	0	1	0	0	0.2		0	0	0	0	1	0.2
Sittidae	Red-breasted Nuthatch	. 1	0	0	0	0	0.2		1	, 0	0	0	0	0.2
Turdidae	American Robin	3	0	2	2	3	2.0		0	2	1	4	1	1.6
	Swainson's Thrush	0	0	.0	0	0	0.0		2	1	1	1	.2	1.4
Vireonidae	Hutton's Vireo	1	. 0	0	0	. 0	0.2		0	0	0	0	0	0.0
. •	Solitary Vireo	2	1	2	3	0	1.6		0	0	2	1	1	0.8
Parulidae	Nashville Warbler	0	0	0	0	1	0.2		0	0	0	0	0	0.0
	Audubon's Warbler	2	5	2	2	2	2.6		1	2	2	1	3	1.8
	Townsend's Warbler	0	2	0	0	. 0	0.4	•	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
	Wilson's Warbler	0 .	0	. 0	. 0	1	0.2		0	0	0	1	. 1	0.4

1 ::

				P	re-sp	ray d	ays				Post-	spray	days	
Family		Species	May 23	May 24	Мау 25	May 26	May 27	Daily	May 29	30	May 31	June 1	June 2 +5	Daily
			- 5	-4	-3	-2	-1	ave	+1	+2	+3	+4		ave
Icteridae		Brewer's Blackbird	1	0	0	0	0	0.2	0	1	0	0	0	0.2
		Brown-headed	0	. 0	1	0	4	1.0	. 2	2	1 .	3	2	2.0
Thraupidae		Cowbird Western Tanager	0	1	0	1	4	1.2	0	1	0	0	4	1.0
Fringillidae		Eyening Grosbeak	0	0	Ö	0	2	0.4	0	0	0	0	1	0.2
J	e F	Purple Finch	0	1	0	0	0	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
		Pine Siskin	2	0	0	0	0	0.4	2	3 .	4	2	1	2.4
		Chipping Sparrow	8	8	6	5	5	6.4	4	8	5	9	2	5.6
Unidentified S	Specie		0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	1	0	0.2
Totals:	•		23	21	17	20 ੍	26	21.4	16	29	27	28	22	24.4

Table IV

Forest bird population census
Orthene^R treatment plot 5

Kamloops, British Columbia

May 23 - June 2

1976

				Pre-s	oray da	ays				Post-	spray da	ays	
Family	Species	May 23	May 24	Мау 25	Мау 26	May 27	Daily Average	May 29	May 30	Ма у 3 1	June 1	June 2	Daily Average
		- 5	-4	-3	-2	-1	niverage	+1	+2	+3	+4	+5	
Tetraonidae	Ruffed Grouse `	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0 .	0	1	0	0	0.2
Columbidae	Mourning Dove	0	0	1	0	0	0.2	1	0	0	0	0	0.2
Trochilidae	Calliope Hummingbird	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	. 1	1	0	1	0.6
Picidae	Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	0	· 0	1	0	0	0.2	0	0	1	0 .	0	0.4
Tyrannidae	Traill's Flycatcher	0	1	0	1	0	0.4	1	0	1	0::	2	0.8
Paridae	Black-capped Chickadee	0	0	0	0	1	0.2	0	3	. 0	0 .	2	1.0
Turdidae	American Robin	0	1	0	1	0	0.4	1	0	0	0	0	0.2
Sylviidae	Ruby-crowned Kinglet	1	1	0	. 1	0	0.6	0	1	0	0	0	0.2
Vireonidae	Solitary Vireo	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	1	0	0	0.2
Parulidae	Audubons Warbler	0	0	1	1.	1	. 0.6	0	1	0	0	0	0.2
	Wilson's Warbler	1	0	0	0	0	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Icteridae	Brewer's Blackbird	1	0	1	0	0	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Fringillidae	Pine Siskin	0	3	0	0	2	1.0	0	0	3	0	0	0.6
	Chipping Sparrow	0	1	1	1	2	1.0	2	1	2	1	1	1.4
	Song Sparrow	0	0	0	1	0	0.2	1	1	1	1	1	1.0
Totals		3	7	5	6 .	6	5.4	7	8	11	2	7	7.0

- 10 -

Table V

Forest bird population census
Orthene © treatment plot 6
Kamloops, British Columbia
May 23 - June 2, 1976

		-	P	re-sp	ray d	ays			٠.		Post-	spray	days	
Family	Species	, May 23 -5	May 24 -4	May 25 -3	May 26 -2	May 27 -1	Daily ave		May 29 +1	May 30 +2	May 31 +3	June 1 +4	June 2 +5	Daily ave
Tetraonidae	Ruffed Grouse	1	1	1	1	1	1.0		1	0	0	0	1	0.4
Columbidae	Mourning Dove	.1	1	0	0	0	0.4		0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Trochilidae	Calliope Hummingbird	0	0	0	0	0	0.0		0	0	1	0	1	0.2
Picidae	Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	0	1	1	1	. 1	0.8		1	0	0	0	1 :	0.2
Tyrannidae	Traill's Flycatcher	1	1	0	1	0	0.6		1	2	1	0	0	0.8
Paridae	Black-capped Chickadee	1	. 0	0	0	0	0.2		3	0	1	. 0	1	1.0
	Mountain Chickadee	0	0	0	1	0	0.2		0	0 .	0	0	1	0.2
Sittidae	Red-breasted Nuthatch	1	0	0	0	0	0.2	÷	0	0	. 0	0	0	0.0
Turdidae	American Robin	1.	0	1	1	0	0.6		. 0	0	0	0	1	0.2
	Swainson's Thrush	0	0	0	0	0	0.0		1	1	0	2	2	1.2
Sylviidae	Golden-crowned Kinglet	0	0	0	0	0	0.0		0	0 .	0	0	2	0.4
	Ruby-crowned Kinglet	2	2	[^] 3	2	2	1.2		1	2	2	2	2	1.8
Vireonidae	Solitary Vireo	0	0	0 ,	0	0	0.0	τ,	0	1 .	1	0	1 .	0.6
	Warbling Vireo	1	1	1	1	1	1.0		2	0	1	0	1	0.8

Table V

Cont'd

			· F	re-sp	ray d	ays				Post-	spray	days	
Family	Species	May 23	May 24	May 25	Мау 26	May 27	Daily	May 29	May 30	May 31	June 1	June 2	Daily
**************************************		- 5	-4	-3	-2	-1	ave	+1	+2	+3	+4	+5	ave
Parulidae	Audubon's Warbler	0	0	1	. 0	0	0.2	0	1	0	1	0 .	0.4
	Wilson's Warbler	1	1	. 0	1	. 1	0.8	1	. 1	1	1	0	0.8
Icteridae	Brewer's Blackbird	0	. 0	1	0	0	0.2	. 0	0	0 .	0	0	0.0
	Brown-headed Cowbird	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	2	0	0	1	.0 :	0.6
Thraupidae	Western Tanager	0	0	0	1	0	0.2	1	0	1	1	2	1.0
Fringillidae	Pine Siskin	10	5	0	1 .	0	3.2	0	2	3	. 0	0	1.0
	Dark-eyed Junco	0	0	1	2	0	0.6	.0	0	0	0	0	0.0
	Chipping Sparrow	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	Q	0	2	0	0	0.4
	Song Sparrow	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	. 0	0	. 0	1	0	0.2
Totals:		20	13	10	13	6	12.4	14	10	14	9	16	12.6

Table VI

Forest bird population census
Dimilin^R untreated check plot
Kamloops, British Columbia
June 12 - 24
1976

	-		Pre	-spra	y days	3			Post.	-spray	y days	5	
Family	Species	June	June	June	June	June					June		
		<u>-6</u>	13 -5	<u> 14</u> -4	<u>15</u> -3	-17	Daily ave	<u>19</u> +1	20 +2	+3	+5	+6	Daily ave
Tetraonidae	Ruffed Grouse	0	0	1	0	0	0.2	0	0	1	0	0	0,2
Trochilidae	Calliope Hummingbird	1	0	1	1	0	0.6	1	3	1	2	2	1.8
Picidae	Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	0	0	0	0	1	0.2	2	2	2	2	, 1 '	1.8
Tyrannidae	Traill,s Flycatcher	1	1	1	1	1	1.0	0	0	1	1	1	0.6
Paridae	Black-capped Chickadee Mountain Chickadee	1	2	1 2	0 1	0	0.8	0	0	0 4	0 ⁻	0 2	0.0 3.6
Sittidae	Red-breasted Nuthatch	0	0	0	1	0	0.2	0	. 0	2	0	1	0.6
Turdidae	American Robin Swainson's Thrush	0 2	0 2	2 2	7 1	1 0	2.0 1.4	1 2	0 1	1 2	1 0	3 1	1.2 1.2
Sylviidae	Ruby-crowned Kinglet	0	0	0 ·	0	2	0.4	0	0	1	2	3	1.2
Vireonidae	Hutton's Vireo Warbling Vireo	0	0 3	0 4	0 1	0 1	0.0	1 2	0 1	0	0	0	0.2 1.8

									Post-	-spray	days	5	
Family	Species	June 12	June 13	June 14	y days June 15	June 17	Daily	June 19 +1	June 20 +2	June 21 +3	June 23 +5	June 24 +6	Daily ave
		- 6	- 5	-4	- 3	-1	ave	T.L.	-12				
Parulidae	Audubon's Warbler	0	0	0	. 0	0	0.0	0	0	1	1	0	0.2
	Brown-headed Cowbird	1	0	0	0	0	0.2	0	1	1	0	1	0.4
Icteridae	Western Meadowlark	0	0	Ö	0	0	0.0	0	1	0	0	0	0.2
Thraupidae	Western Tanager	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	1	0	0	0 :	0.2
-	o i la Birah	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	1	0	0	0	1	0.4
Fringillidae	Cassin's Finch	0	0	0	Ō	3	0.6	1	0	0	1	3	1.0
	Pine Siskin	0	1	1	1	2	1.0	0	2	2	2	2	1.6
	Vesper Sparrow	0	1	1	0	0	0.4	0	0	0	. 1	0	0.2
	Dark-eyed Junco Chipping Sparrow	2	3	7	4	3	3.8	5	3	6 .	3	4	4.2
Unidentified	species	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	1	0	0	0.2
Totals		10	13	23	18	14	15,6	16	21	29	22	28	23.2

- 14 -

Table VII

Forest bird population census
Dimilin^R treatment plot
Kamloops, British Columbia
June 12 - 24
1976

		<u>.</u>											
			Pre	-spray	y days	5				-spray			
Family	Species	June			June	June		June		June			
		12	13	14	15	17	Daily	_19	20	21	23	24	Daily
		- 6	- 5	-4	-3	-1	ave	+1	+2	+3	1 -5	+6	ave
Trochilidae	Calliope Hummingbird	0	0	1	0	0	0,2	0	1	0	0	0	0,2
Picidae	Common Flicker	1 2	2 0	0	1	1	1.0	0	2	0	0	0	0.4
	Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	2	0	0	1	1	0.8	0	2	. 1	2	. 2 ,	1.4
Tyrannidae	Traill's Flycatcher	1	2	3	1	2	1.8	0	0	0	1	0	0.2
Corvidae	Raven	0	0	0 0	0	0	0.0	0	0	. 0	0	1	0.2
	Crow	0	0	0	0	1	0.2	0	0	0	0 -	. 0	0.0
Paridae	Black-capped Chickadee	0	6	6	0 5	0	2.4	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
	Mountain Chickadee	0	3	. 6	5	4	3.6	3	4	3	1	0	2.2
Sittidae	White-breasted Nuthatch	0	0	1 0	0	0	0.2	, 0	1	. 0	1	0	0.4
•	Red-breasted Nuthatch	2	0	0	0	1	0.6	′ 0	1 2	0	0	0	0.4
Turdidae	American Robin	0	6	8	5	6	5.0	3	i	2	3	3	2.4
	Swainson's Thrush	1	2	2	2	2	1.8	2	1	2	2	1	1.6
	Townsend's Solitaire	0	0	. 0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	1	0	0.2

Table VII (Cont'd)

Family	Species	Pre-spray days						Post-spray days					
					June 15 -3	June 17 -1	Daily ave	June 19 +1	June 20 +2	June 21 +3	June 3 +5		Daily ave
		12										<u>24</u> +6	
		- 6		- 4	-3	<u>-</u> T	ave						ave
Vireonidae	Solitary Vireo	: 0	0	0	1	1	0,4	1	0	2 2	2	1	1,2
	Warbling Vireo	2	3	3	3	2	2.6	2	3	2	1	1	1.8
Parulidae	Audubon's Warbler	1	2	1	1	1	1.2	1	4	2	1	3	2.2
	Wilson's Warbler	1	1	0	0	0	0.4	0	0	0	0	. O	0.0
Icteridae	Brown-headed Cowbird	4	2	2	1	3	2.4	1	1	4	4	2	2.4
	Western Meadowlark	0	0	0	. 0	0	0.0	0	0	0	1	0	0.2
Thraupidae	Western Tanager	3	0 ~	3	2	. 1	1.8	0	2	1	2	- 0	1.0
Fringillidae	Cassin's Finch	0	0	2	0	1	0.6	0	1	0	0	0	0.2
	Pine Siskin	0	4	0	1	5	2.0	6	6	8	. 3	4	5.4
	Vesper Sparrow	2	0	0	1	1	0.8	1	1 2 3	1	0	0	0.6
	Dark-eyed Junco	- 1	4	1	1	1	1.6	1	2	2	4	3	2.4
	Chipping Sparrow	4	4	3	1	3	3.0	. 1	3	5	6	. 2	3.4
Totals		25	41	42	27	37	34.4	22	37	35	35	23	30.4

7

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The author wish to acknowledge the valuable assitance of Dr. R. Shepherd of the Pacific Forest Research Centre for providing transportation and aiding the monitoring crews throughout the experimental trials and to Dr. Jean-Marie Bergeron of Sherbrooke University, Mr. Mike Elliott and Ms. Judy Read who collected the field data.

REFERENCES

- Kendeigh, S.C., 1944. Measurement of bird populations. Ecol. Monog. 14: 76-106.
- Surber, E.W., 1936. Rainbow trout and bottom fauna production in one mile of stream. Trans. Amer. Fish. Soc. 66: 193-202.