A REVIEW OF IMPORTANT FOREST

INSECT AND DISEASE PROBLEMS

IN THE HEARST DISTRICT

OF UNTARIO, 1950-1980

Compiled by

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GREAT LAKES FORESTRY CENTRE

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FOREWORD

The first forest insect surveys in Ontario were carried out in 1936 from the Dominion Entomological Laboratory in Ottawa and continued from this location until 1944, when the province of Ontario was divided, for the purpose of these surveys, into northern and southern Ontario. In 1945, personnel from Ottawa continued to conduct and report on surveys in the area south of the Algonquin Park and Parry Sound forest districts, while personnel from the Forest Insect Laboratory in Sault Ste. Marie carried out surveys in the area to the north. In 1950 responsibility for reporting insects for all of Ontario fell to the Sault Ste. Marie laboratory. In 1952 the Forest Disease Survey was initiated with headquarters in Maple, Ontario, then was moved to Sault Ste. Marie in 1967. The results of these surveys of insects and diseases are reported in the Annual Report of the Forest Insect and Disease Survey (FIDS) published by Canadian Forestry Service headquarters in Ottawa. In addition, annual district and regional reports, begun in 1948, are prepared by FIDS technicians (Rangers) in Sault Ste. Marie. In 1980 a new provincial report was released in Ontario. The contents of the following review have been abstracted from these reports and compiled in alphabetical order by the scientific names of species in each of the following categories:

Major Insects or Diseases

Capable of causing serious injury to or death of living trees or shrubs.

Minor Insects or Diseases

Capable of causing sporadic or localized injury but not usually a serious threat to living trees or shrubs.

Abiotic Damage

Damage caused by non-living factors.

All measurements in this review are in metric form and conversions from Imperial measurements given in the earliest reports are taken to the second decimal point [i.e., sq. mi. to $\rm km^2$ = area (sq. mi.) x 2.59 = area $\rm km^2$]. Infestation maps in this review were copied from the original maps in the FIDS technicians' reports. Abbreviations for the common names of the host tree species, along with the scientific names, are shown in Appendices A and B. To facilitate the location of hosts, deciduous and coniferous species have been separated and listed alphabetically under the common names.

Appendix C is a series of maps for northeastern Ontario grouped alphabetically by insect species or disease pathogen and showing the location of infestations within a region or infestation boundaries that extend beyond regions.

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We also wish to acknowledge the following authors of the FIDS district and regional reports from which this review was abstracted.

1950-1952	J. Belcher
1953-1956	J. Robinson
1957	F.A. Bricault
1958	F.A. Bricault and J. Hook
1959	D.F. Lynn
1960-1966	G.T. Atkinson
1967	F.F. Foreman
1968-1969	J.A. Baker
1970-1973	H.R. Foster and J. Hook
1974	L.S. MacLeod, J. Hook and F. Livesey
1975-1977	L.S. MacLeod, J. Hook and H.J. Evans
1978-1979	L.S. MacLeod, W.A. Ingram and H.J. Evans
1980	L.S. MacLeod, W.A. Ingram and D.C. Constable

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INTRODUCTION

This report is a review of significant forest insects and diseases that have occurred in the Hearst District between 1950 and 1980, with reference to outbreaks prior to 1950 when available. In the selection of pests for this report, particular attention was paid to the major working groups of host species in the District, namely hardwoods (birch and poplar) and conifers (jack pine, red pine, white pine, balsam fir, spruce and larch). The insects and diseases included are capable of causing, or have caused, tree mortality or a reduction in growth. Also included are abiotic problems that cause tree damage, i.e., salt, frost, wind and snow damage.

SUMMARY

FOREST INSECTS

Birch Skeletonizer, Bucculatrix canadensisella Cham. pages 9-13

[Major]

This skeletonizer defoliates white birch. Widespread outbreaks usually last 2-3 years and then virtually disappear, as was the case in 1964 and 1965, and from 1969 to 1971. Severe defoliation seldom causes tree mortality but weakened trees are hosts for secondary insects and diseases and may be a predisposing factor in the widespread deterioration of birch. This insect was not reported between 1956 and 1961, between 1974 and 1980, or prior to 1954.

Large Aspen Tortrix, Choristoneura conflictana (Wlk.) pages 14-18

[Major]

No tree mortality has been accorded to this insect, which affects primarily aspen and poplar. Infestations were first recorded as severe in 1971 and continued until 1974. Low populations were recorded intermittently from 1956 to 1977.

Spruce Budworm, Choristoneura fumiferana (Clem.) pages 19-43

[Major]

This insect is considered the most destructive pest of numerous coniferous hosts, including balsam fir, white spruce, black spruce, and larch. Top killing of balsam fir usually occurs after 3 years of severe defoliation, and whole-tree mortality usually occurs after 5 years. High populations were noted in the District from 1947 to 1954, and high tree mortality occurred. Low populations persisted until 1961, then disappeared until 1965. The current infestation was first reported as light in 1966 and has since increased to severe. Tree mortality was first noted in 1975 and became progressively worse over the next 5 years.

Aspen Defoliators, Enargia decolor (Wlk.), Epinotia [Major] solandriana L., Gonioctena americana (Schaef.) and Pseudexentera oregonana Wlshm.

pages 44-46

This complex of defoliators caused light defoliation generally throughout the District from 1950 to 1980.

Forest Tent Caterpillar, Malacosoma disstria Hbn. pages 47-60

[Major]

Infestations causing varying degrees of defoliation have been reported periodically since 1940. Severe defoliation occurred in 1941 and 1942, between 1950 and 1954, in 1965, and from 1973 to 1979. Although this insect seldom causes tree mortality of aspen, prolonged defoliation can weaken trees, which are then predisposed to attack by secondary organisms.

Whitespotted Sawyer, Monochamus scutellatus (Say) pages 61-62

[Major]

Both larval and adult damage by this insect are perennial problems in skidways and in residual stands bordering cut-over stands of spruce and jack pine. High larval populations were reported in 1975. Severe branch mortality occurred in 1978 and 1979.

Pine Sawflies, Neodiprion maurus Roh., N. nanulus nanulus Schedl., N. pratti banksianae Roh., and N. virginianus complex

[Major]

pages 63-64

Low populations of these species of sawflies have persisted in the District since 1953.

Northern Pitch Twig Moth, Petrova albicapitana (Busck) [Minor] page 64

This insect causes twig mortality in jack pine trees. Varying degrees of infestation have been reported periodically since 1955.

Aspen Leafblotch Miner, Phyllonorycter ontario (Free.) [Major] page 65

Severe mining of aspen was first recorded in 1951, with varying degrees of infestation persisting until 1980.

Yellowheaded Spruce Sawfly, Pikonema alaskensis (Roh.) page 66

[Major]

This destructive insect is considered a serious pest of young spruce plantations and open-growing ornamentals. Mortality of young trees can occur following a few years of severe defoliation. Severe defoliation occurred in 1952, from 1954 to 1956, from 1959 to 1961, in 1965 and 1966, in 1970 and 1971, and from 1975 to 1978.

White Pine Weevil, *Pissodes strobi* (Peck) page 67

[Major]

This weevil is a destructive pest of spruce and pine. By attacking the leaders of small trees it causes "cabbaging" of the host trees after several years of infestation. High populations were recorded in 1957, 1958, 1965, and 1966. Low populations occurred from 1976 to 1980.

Larch Sawfly, Pristiphora erichsonii (Htg.) pages 68-69

[Major]

Severe defoliation causes a loss of increment after 4 or 5 years and tree mortality usually occurs after 6-9 years. Severe defoliation was reported from 1952 to 1955, from 1958 to 1960, in 1967, and from 1978 to 1980. Varying degrees of defoliation have persisted in the district since 1950. Mortality of larch trees was observed from 1962 to 1964.

Mountain-ash Sawfly, Pristiphora geniculata (Htg.)
pages 69-70

[Major]

Although mountain-ash trees are not considered merchantable, a great number are utilized as shade trees and ornamentals in rural and urban areas. This insect can weaken trees when prolonged severe defoliation occurs and subsequent borer infestations can cause tree mortality. The insect was not reported prior to 1962. Severe defoliation of trees in urban areas was recorded between 1974 and 1980.

Ambermarked Birch Leafminer, *Profenusa thomsoni* (Konow) pages 70-71

[Major]

Although this insect has not been recorded as causing tree mortality, weakened trees are susceptible to secondary insects and diseases; hence, the birch leafminer may be a predisposing factor in "birch decline". Severe browning of foliage occurred in 1961 and from 1965 to 1970. Yearly fluctuations in populations have occurred since 1956.

Other Noteworthy Insects pages 71-79

[Major and Minor]

These are insects with the potential for causing damage to stands, regeneration, and plantations.

FOREST DISEASES

Armillaria Root Rot, Armillaria mellea (Vahl: Fr.) Kummer [Major] page 83

This root rot is capable of killing both weakened and healthy trees and is a particularly serious pest in spruce and pine plantations that have been planted around old stumps. Light damage has been recorded periodically since 1962.

Scleroderris Canker, Ascocalyx abietina (Lagerb.)
Schläpfer-Bernhard

[Major]

page 84-85

Although surveys had been carried out for this destructive pest of young pine, the pathogen was not confirmed by culturing from this District until 1967. Since that time, infected trees have been found in varying degrees of intensity in four townships.

Spruce Needle Rusts, Chrysomyxa ledi (Alb. & Schwein.) de Bary [Major] and C. ledicola (Peck) Lagerh.
page 86

Severe infections of spruce foliage can cause a loss of increment in trees when prolonged infection occurs. Varying degrees of infection have occurred since 1954.

Ink Spot of Aspen, Ciborinia whetzelii (Seaver) Seaver [Major] page 87

Although ink spot of aspen is not an extremely damaging disease, loss of increment during severe infections is damaging to aspen stands. Severe browning was evident in 1959, 1970, 1978, and 1979. Infection levels have fluctuated since 1959.

Shoot Blight, Venturia macularis (Fr.) Müller & v. Arx [Major] page 88

This is a disease that kills the leading shoots of aspen regeneration and can cause a major reduction in stocking when the incidence of infection is high. The only years in which the incidence was high were 1962, 1963, and 1967.

Other Noteworthy Diseases pages 88-90

[Major and Minor]

These are diseases with the potential for causing damage to stands, regeneration and plantations.

ABIOTIC DAMAGE

page 93

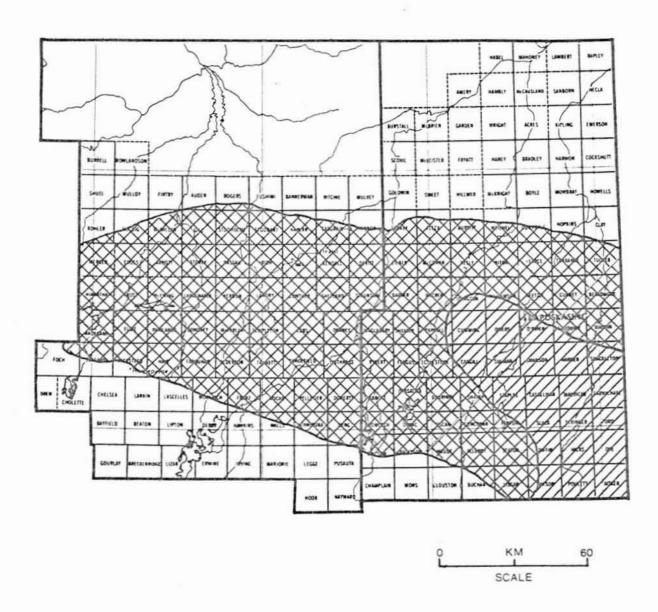
This condition is caused by a variety of influences, e.g., frost, wind, snow, and hail.

INSECTS

Birch Skeletonizer, Bucculatrix canadensisella Cham.

Host(s): wB	[Major]

Year	Remarks
1950-1953	not reported
1954	severe defoliation in the southern part of the District
1955	a decline to low populations
1956-1961	not reported
1962	light defoliation in Fintry Twp
1963	light defoliation in Casgrain and Byng twps
1964	Severe defoliation occurred in a band of about 88 km across the central part of the District (see map, page 10).
1965	a decline in area infested; severe defoliation in Wick- steed Twp; low populations general
1966	Infestations declined.
1967	very low populations
1968	a light infestation in Studholme Twp
1969	Populations increased to high in Rogers Twp and were low in McMillan, Stoddart and Wicksteed twps.
1970	severe defoliation over 1250 km along the western District border from Rogers Twp on the north to Landry Twp on the south, and from this border to Stoddart Twp on the east
1971	Severe defoliation occurred over 75% of the District (see map, page 11).
1972	A decline in populations occurred, with only light defoliation observed in the western part of the District (see map, page 12).
1973	A further decline occurred in the District (see map, page 13).
1974-1980	not reported



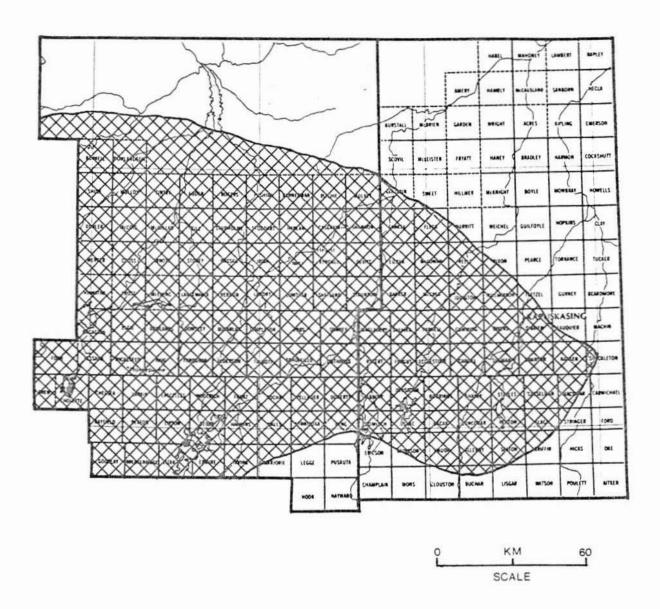
BIRCH SKELETONIZER

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1964

LEGEND

Light defoliation Moderate-to-severe defoliation



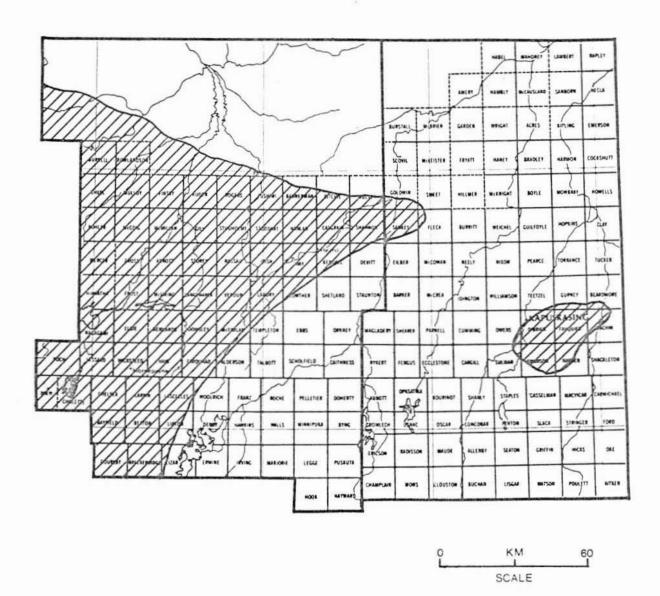


BIRCH SKELETONIZER

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1971

LEGEND



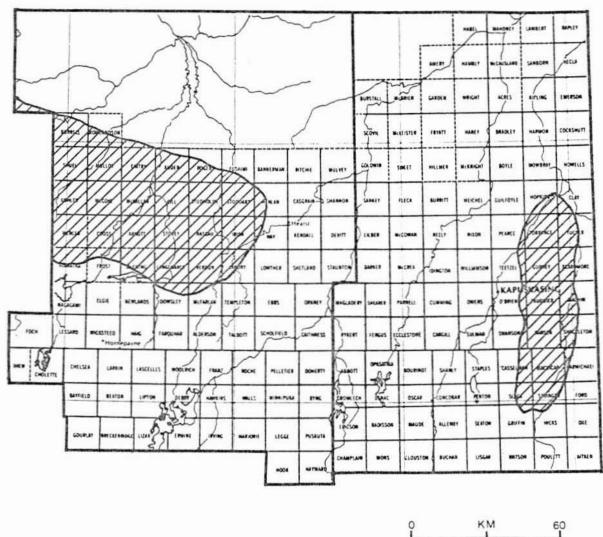


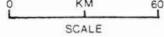
BIRCH SKELETONIZER

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1972

LEGEND

Light defoliation





BIRCH SKELETONIZER

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1973

LEGEND

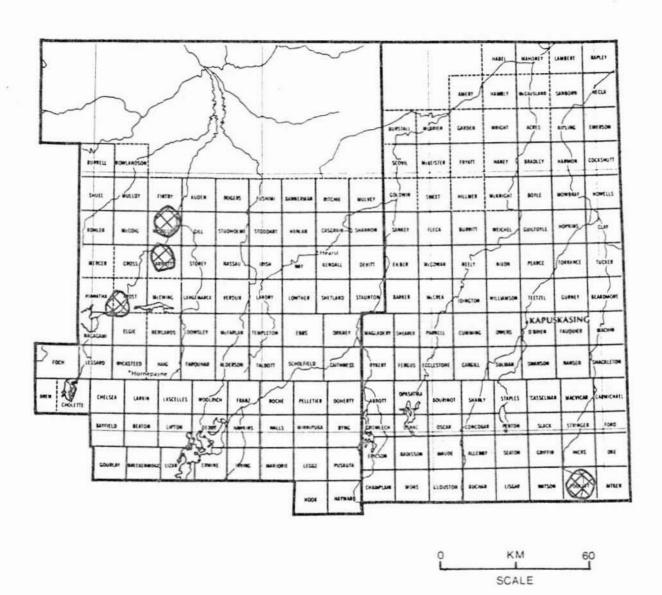
Light defoliation

[Major]

Large Aspen Tortrix, Choristoneura conflictana (Wlk.)

Host(s):	aspen		

Year	Remarks
1950-1955	not reported
1956	trace populations
1957-1966	low populations in Stoddart Twp
1967-1970	not reported
1971	pockets of severe defoliation at five locations in the western part of the District (see map, page 14)
1972	moderate-to-severe defoliation over 75% of the District (see map, page 16)
1973	decline in area of infestation; five pockets of severe defoliation in the southern half of the District (see map, page 17)
1974	one small pocket of severe defoliation just east of Hearst (see map, page 18)
1975	not reported
1976-1977	very low populations
1978-1980	not reported

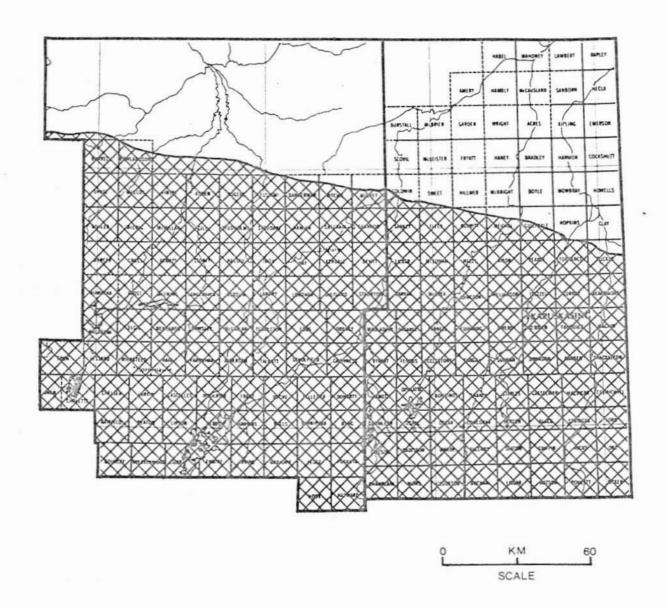


LARGE ASPEN TORTRIX

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1971

LEGEND



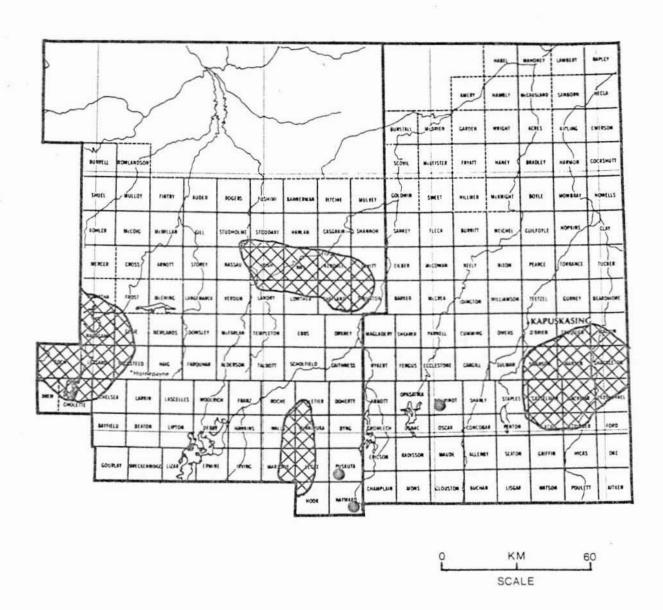


LARGE ASPEN TORTRIX

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1972

LEGEND

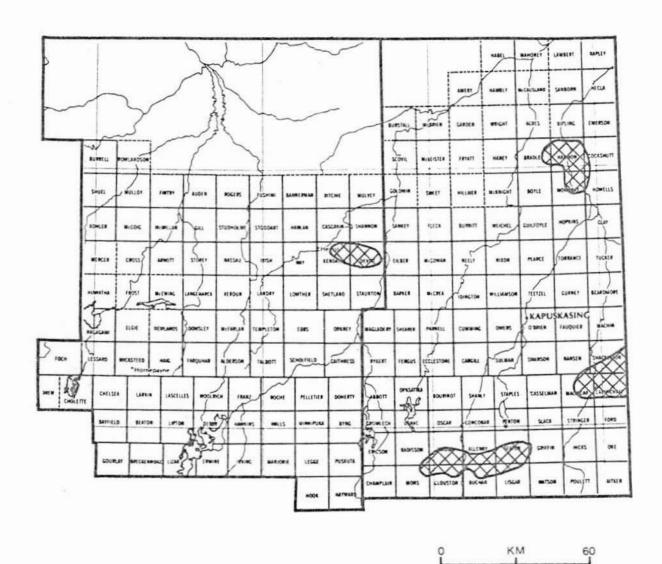




LARGE ASPEN TORTRIX

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1973

LEGEND



LARGE ASPEN TORTRIX

Areas with which defoliation occurred in 1974

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation



SCALE

Spruce Budworm, Choristoneura fumiferana (Clem.)

Host (s): wS, bF, bS, tL

Year	Remarks
1950	decline in populations; moderate-to-severe defoliation in Gill, Studholme, Stoddart, McMillan and Orkney twps (see map, page 21); balsam tree mortality in Studholme and Stoddart twps and in the southwestern part of the District, centered around Wicksteed Twp (see map, page 22)
1951	a further decline; moderate-to-severe defoliation in Rogers, Gill, Studholme and Stoddart twps (see map, page 23); little change in tree mortality
1952	High populations persisted in Rogers, Studholme, and Stoddart twps, and a new pocket of severe defoliation was observed in Fintry Twp. Two pockets of light infestation occurred south of these locations (see map, page 24); there was a slight increase in mortality in Rogers Twp.
1953	continued high populations with an increase in Fintry, Auden and Rogers twps and an extension north approximately 48 km over an area of 877 km ² (see map, page 25); continued high mortality in Rogers Twp
1954	High populations occurred in Rogers Twp and to the north (see map, page 26). Mortality increased in Rogers Twp.
1955	very low populations in Rogers and Stoddart twps
1956	low populations in Rogers and Stoddart twps
1957	almost a complete collapse of infestations
1958-1961	very few larvae collected
1962-1965	not reported
1966	a few larvae collected in Gill and Eilber twps
1967	light defoliation in Gill Twp; low populations in Eilber Twp
1968	light defoliation in Hook, Hayward, and Arnott twps

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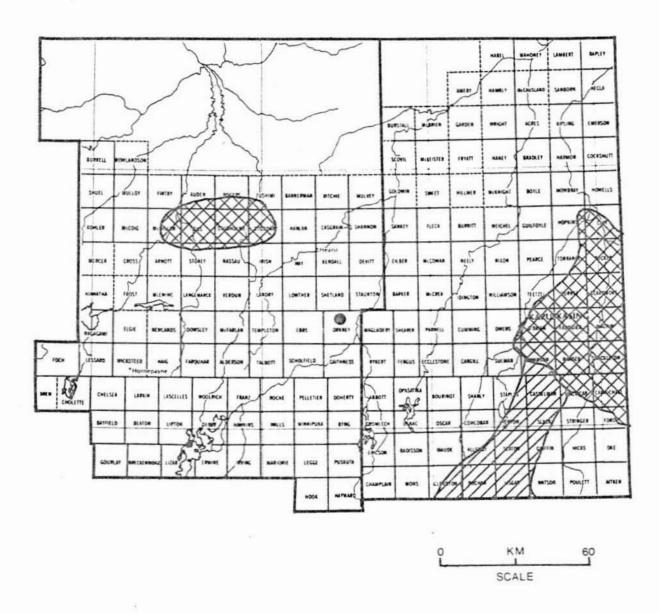
[Major]

Spruce Budworm, Choristoneura fumiferana (Clem.) (concl.)

Host (s): wS, bF, bS,	tI	bS,	bF,	wS,	(s):	Host
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[Major]

Year	Remarks
1969	moderate-to-severe defoliation in Hook and Hayward twps in the southern part of the District
1970	Severe defoliation persisted in Hook and Hayward twps (see map, page 27).
1971	A northern spread in infestation occurred in Legge and Byng twps (see map, page 28).
1972	severe defoliation of balsam fir in six twps in the south- eastern part of the District (see map, page 29)
1973	small pockets of severe defoliation in Hook and Hayward twps (see map, page 30)
1974	a northern and western spread of infestation; small areas of mortality in Hook and Hayward twps (see map, page 31)
1975	a further northern and western expansion of infestation (see map, page 32); balsam fir tree mortality in Hook and Hayward twps (see map, page 33)
1976	an extensive expansion of defoliation on the western and northern boundaries of the District (see map, page 34); increased tree mortality (see map, page 35)
1977	severe defoliation over 60% of the District (see map, page 36); increased tree mortality (see map, page 37)
1978	Approximately 75% of the District had severe defoliation of balsam fir and spruce trees (see map, page 38); there was little change in tree mortality (see map, page 39)
1979	Severe infestations covered most of the susceptible stands in the District (see map, page 40). Tree mortality increased (see map, page 41). Aerial spraying with a single application of Orthene was carried out in high-value stands in Studholme and Arnott twps.
1980	little change in infestation intensities (see map, page 42); increases in tree mortality in numerous areas (see map, page 43); 505 ha of valuable trees sprayed with Orthene



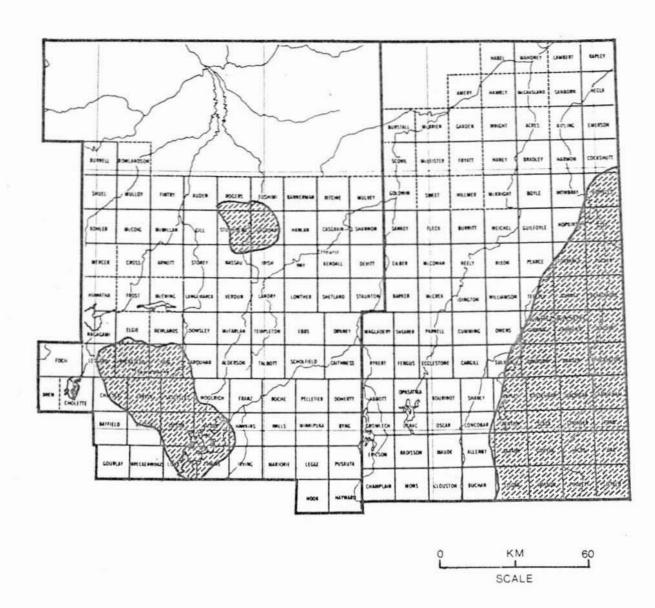
SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1950

LEGEND

Light defoliation Moderate-to-severe defoliation or





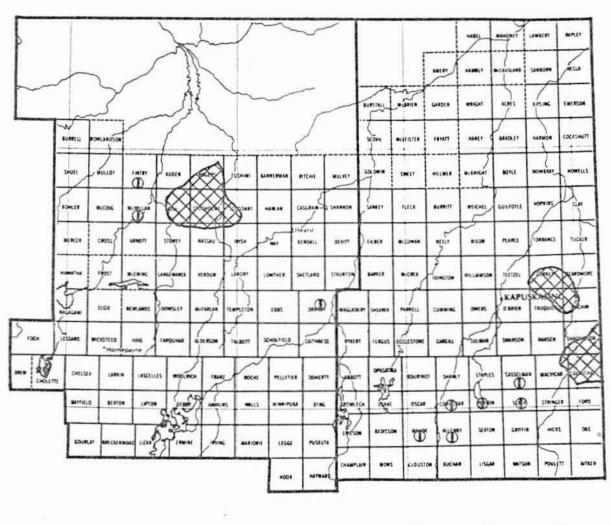
SPRUCE BUDWORM

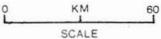
Areas within which balsam fir whole tree and top mortality occurred in 1950

LEGEND

Mortality







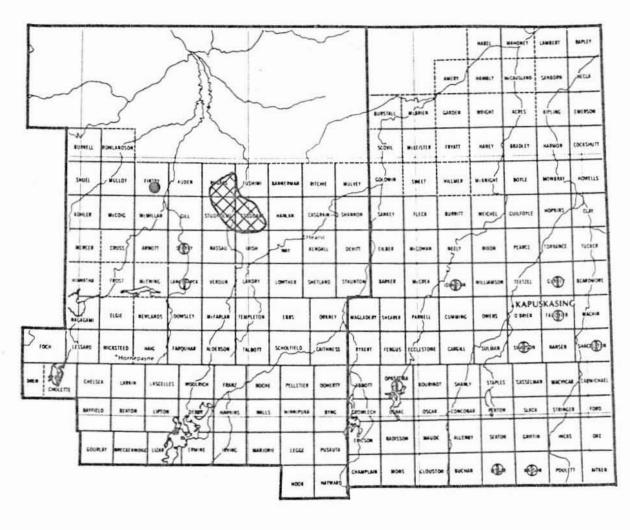
SPRUCE BUDWORM

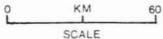
Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1951

LEGEND

Light defoliation 1 Moderate-to-severe defoliation





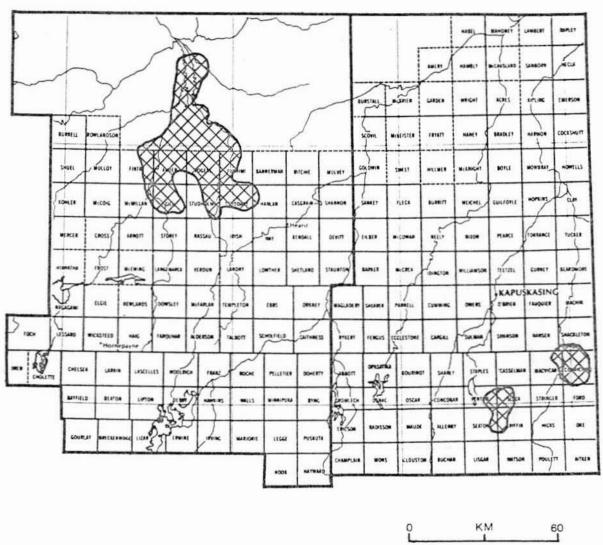


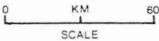
SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1952

LEGEND

Light defoliation Φ



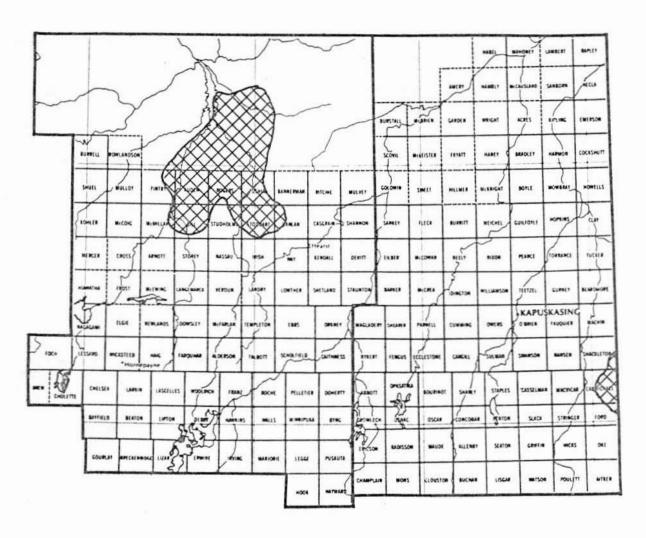


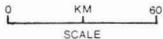
SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1953

LEGEND





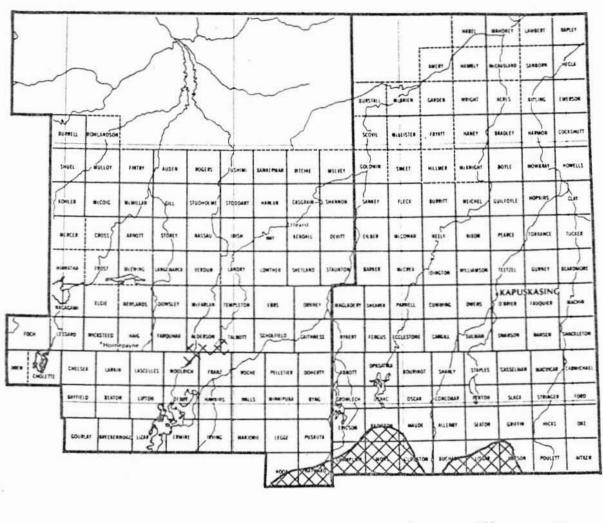


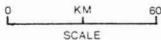
SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1954

LEGEND





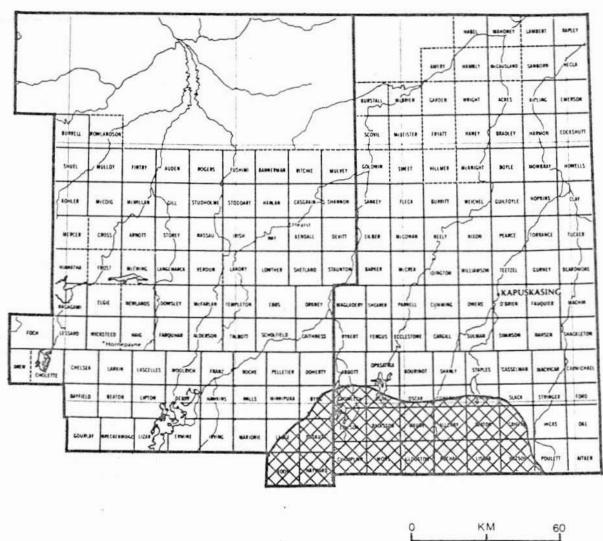


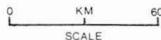
SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1970

LEGEND





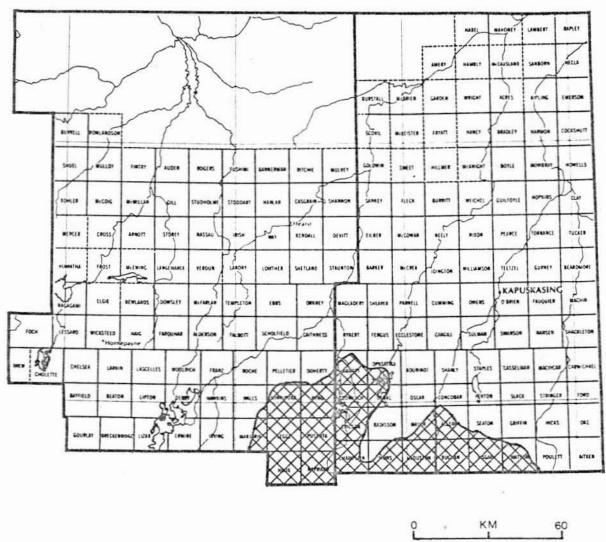


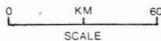
SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1971

LEGEND





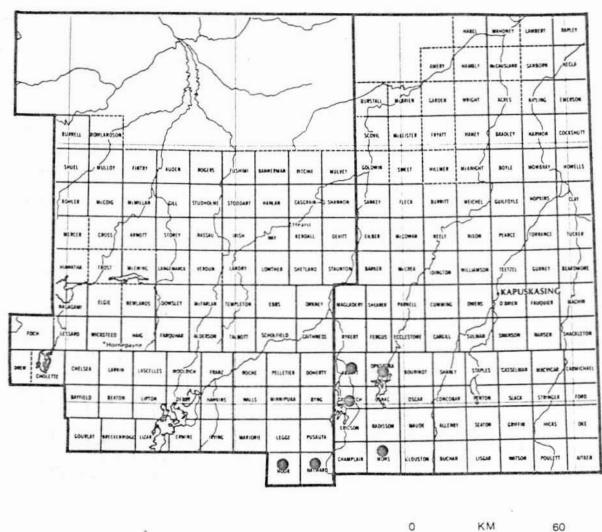


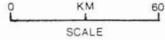
SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1972

LEGEND





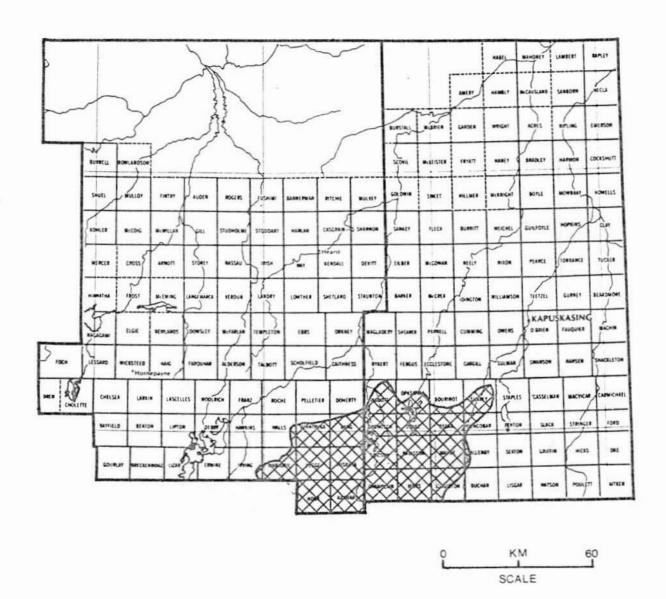


SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1973

LEGEND



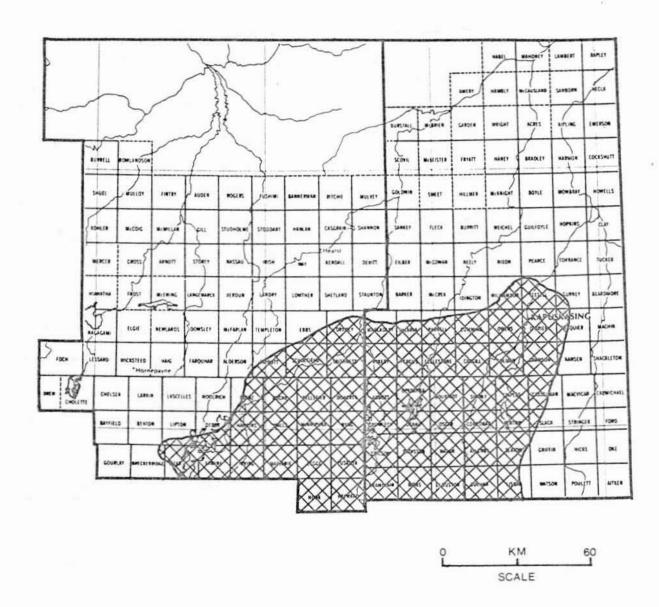


SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1974

LEGEND



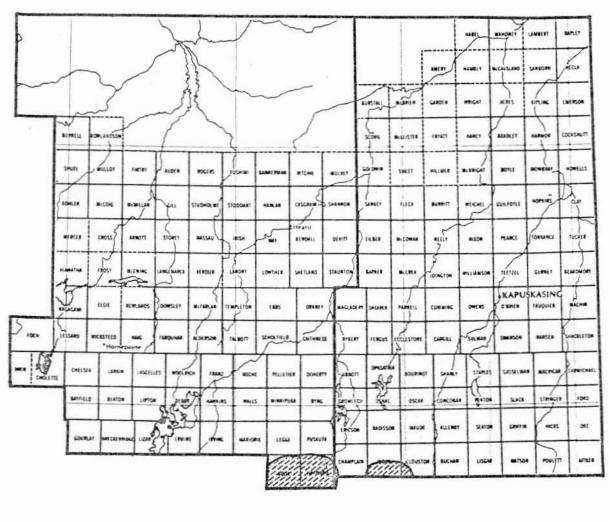


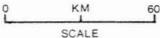
SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1975

LEGEND





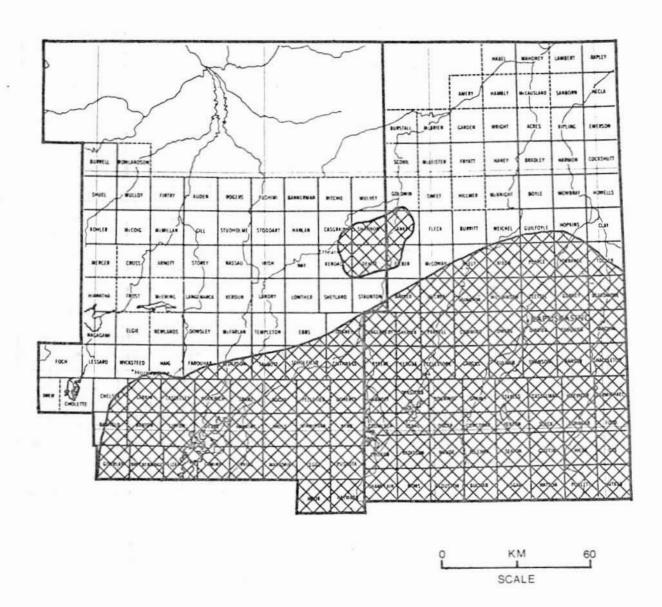


SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which balsam fir whole tree and top mortality occurred in 1975

LEGEND

Mortality

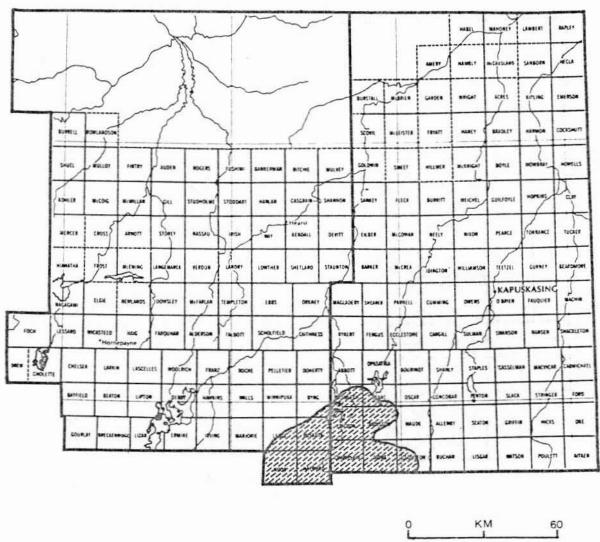


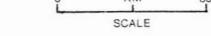
SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1976

LEGEND







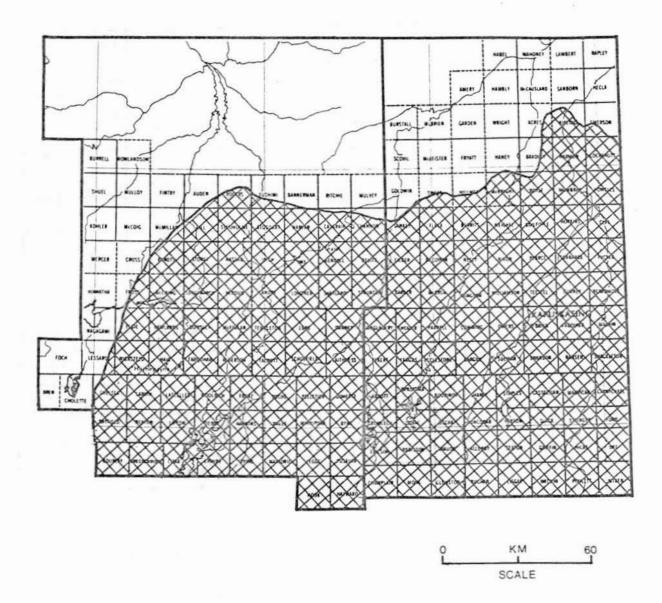
SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which balsam fir whole tree and top mortality occurred in 1976

LEGEND

Mortality



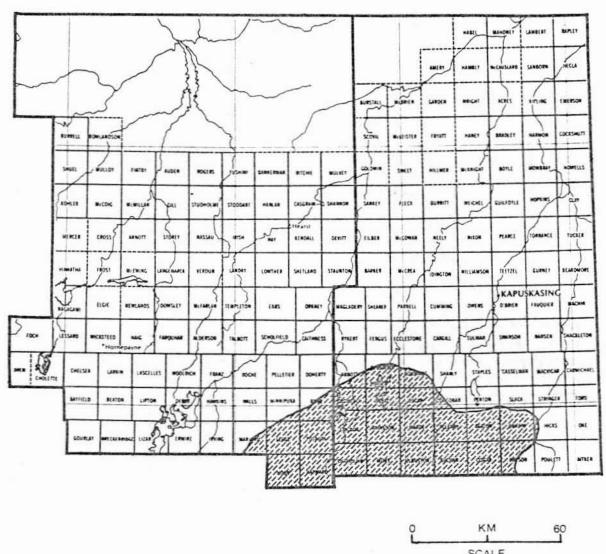


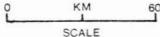
SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1977

LEGEND





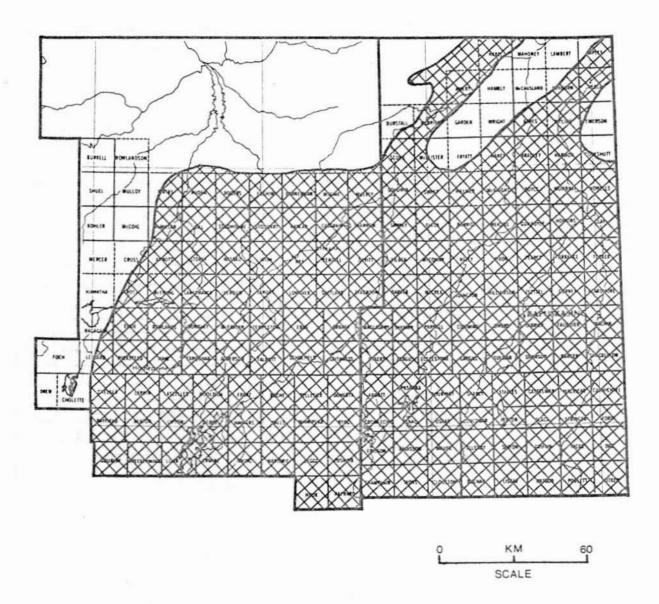


SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which balsam fir whole tree and top mortality occurred in 1977

LEGEND

Mortality ///

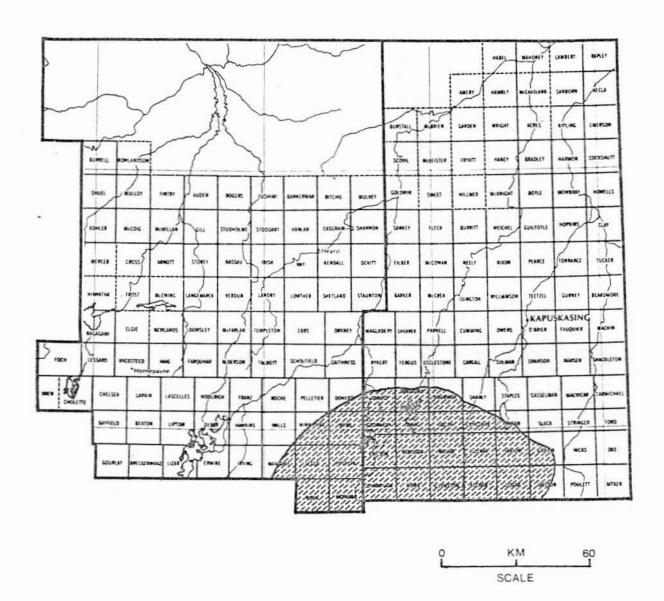


SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1978

LEGEND

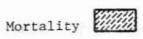


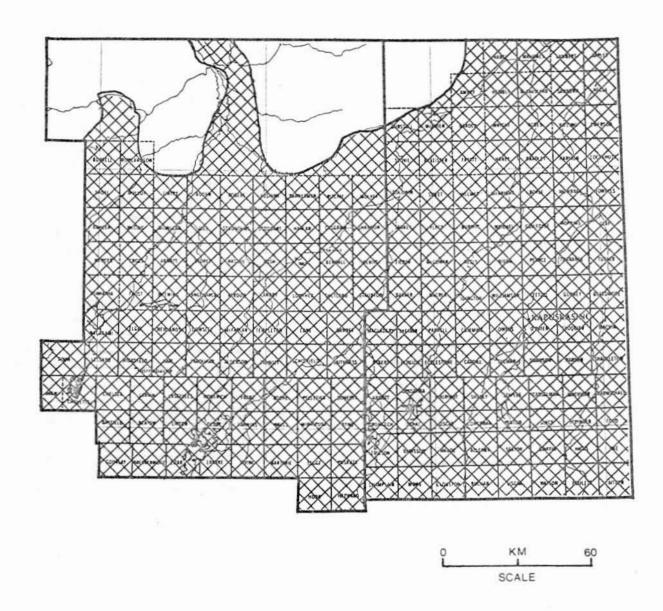


SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which balsam fir whole tree and top mortality occurred in 1978

LEGEND



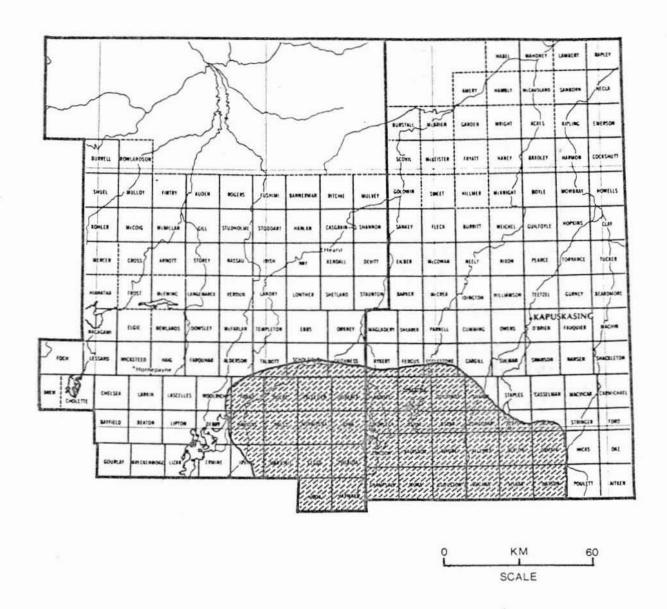


SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1979

LEGEND



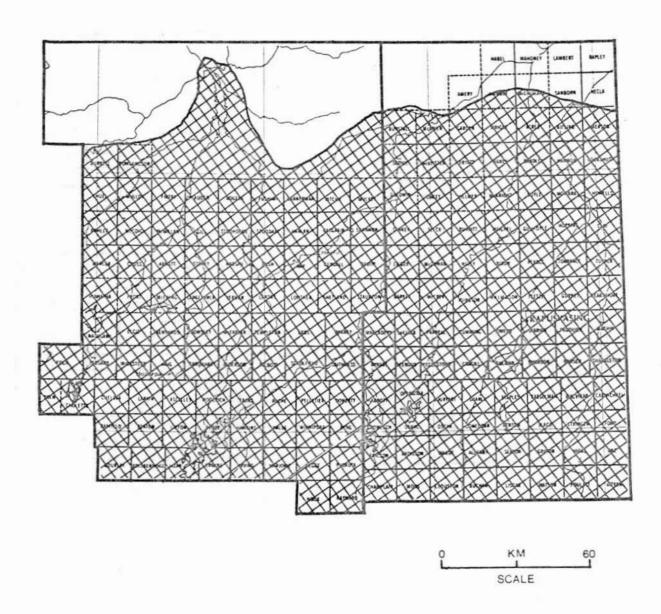


SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which balsam fir whole tree and top mortality occurred in 1979

LEGEND

Mortality

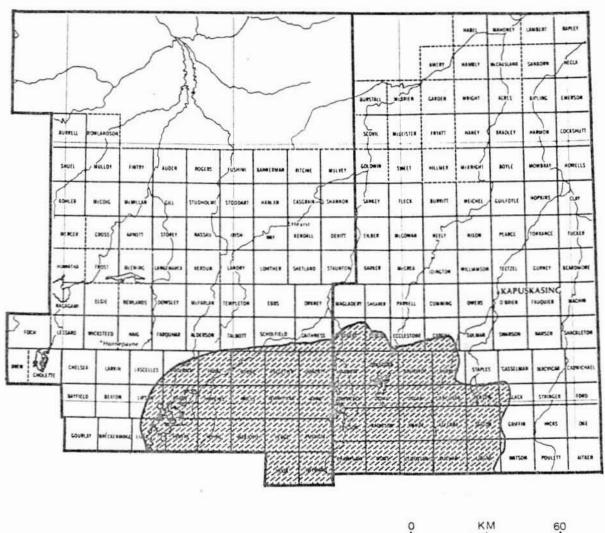


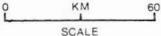
SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1980

LEGEND







SPRUCE BUDWORM

Areas within which balsam fir whole tree and top mortality occurred in 1980

LEGEND

Mortality

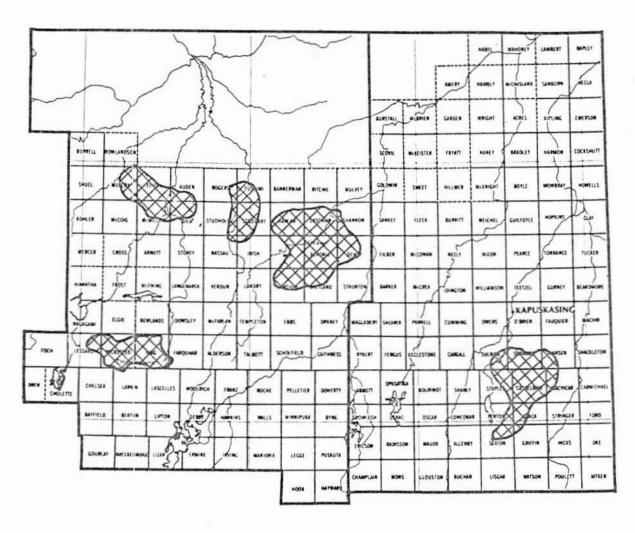


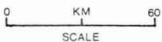
Aspen Defoliators, Enargia decolor (Wlk.), Epinotia solandriana L., Gonioctena americana (Schaef.), and Pseudexentera oregonana Wlshm.

Host (s):	aspen		[Major]
Year		+	Remarks
1950			not reported
1951	G.	americana	common on regeneration
1952-1953			not reported
1954-1957	G.	americana	low populations
1958			not reported
1959	100	americana solandriana	light defoliation in Casgrain Twp light infestation in McMillan Twp
1960		americana	light defoliation in Lessard, Wicksteed, and Chelsea twps
	1000	decolor	light infestation in Arnot Twp
1961		decolor solandriana	light infestations in Gill Twp low populations
1962	E.	decolor	light infestations in Gill and Clavet
	E_{\bullet}	solandriana	low populations
1963		decolor solandriana	decline to low levels low populations
1964	E.	solandriana	low populations
1965	₽.	oregonana	moderate-to-severe defoliation (see map, page 46)
1966		americana oregonana	low populations decline in populations
1967		decolor americana	low populations light defoliation in Lessard Twp
1968	E.	solandriana	low populations in Wicksteed and Kohler twps
1969	no	t reported	

Aspen Defoliators, Enargia decolor (Wlk.), Epinotia solandriana L.,
Gonioctena americana (Schaef.), Pseudexentera oregonana Wlshm. (concl.)

Host (s):	aspen	[Major]
Year		Remarks
1970	E. decolor	medium-to-severe defoliation along the Hornepayne Road, west to the Geraldton District border
1971	E. decolor	Populations declined to low.
1972	E. decolor	low populations in Elgie Twp
1973	G. americana	low populations
1974-1977		not reported
1978	G. americana	light defoliation in Studholme Twp
1979-1980		not reported





ASPEN LEAFROLLER (P. oregonana)

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1965

LEGEND



Forest Tent Caterpillar, Malacosoma disstria Hbn.

Host (s)	: as	pen, d	lecid	luous
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[Major]

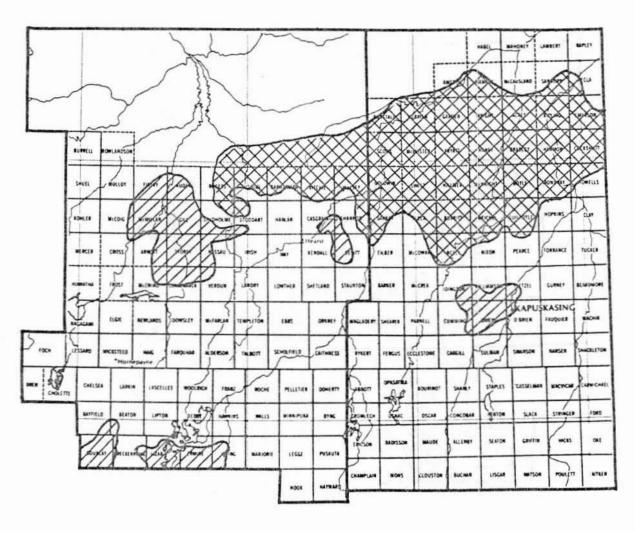
Year	Remarks
1950	Severe defoliation of hardwoods occurred in the north- eastern part of the District. A large area of light defoliation was observed in the central and southern parts (see map, page 49).
1951	A band of moderate-to-severe defoliation occurred across the northern part of the District; smaller pockets were observed in Gourlay, Lizar, Ermine and Derry twps (see map, page 50).
1952	A spectacular increase in defoliation occurred cross the northern two-thirds of the district and in a small area encompassing six townships in the south (see map, page 51).
1953	severe defoliation of poplar throughout most of the District (see map, page 52)
1954	There was a dramatic reduction in infestation; pockets of severe defoliation persisted near Hiawatha and Newlands twps (see map, page 53).
1955	a further decline; only low populations observed (see map, page 54)
1956-1964	not reported
1965	moderate-to-severe defoliation in Burrell, Shuel, Foch, and Mulloy twps; an area of approximately 80 $\rm km^2$ severely defoliated north of Rogers Twp
1966	Adverse weather caused a collapse of the infestation.
1967-1968	very low populations
1969-1970	not reported
1971	pockets of light defoliation in Shuel and Burrell twps; a few larvae found in Kohler, Studholme, and Hanlan twps
1972	an increase in populations in Shuel and Burrell twps
1973	Severe defoliation occurred from the Geraldton-Hearst District boundary eastward to Kendall Twp.

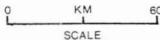
Forest Tent Caterpillar, Malacosoma disstria Hbn. (concl.)

1980

Host (s):	aspen, deciduous [Major]
Year	Remarks
1974	continued severe defoliation in an area of approximately $440~{\rm km}^2$ between the Geraldton-Hearst district boundary and Devitt Twp (see map, page 55)
1975	Severe defoliation persisted from Kohler Twp northeast to the Kapuskasing-Hearst district boundary (see map, page 56).
1976	further increase in severe defoliation (see map, page 57)
1977	a slight decline in the main body of infestation, but new pockets of severe defoliation in Shuel, Kohler and Wicksteed twps (see map, page 58)
1978	little change in infestation boundaries, except for nine new pockets of severe defoliation in the southwestern part of the District (see map, page 59)
1979	a major decline in population levels; numerous small pockets of moderate-to-severe defoliation throughout the District (see map, page 60)

pockets of light defoliation at several locations





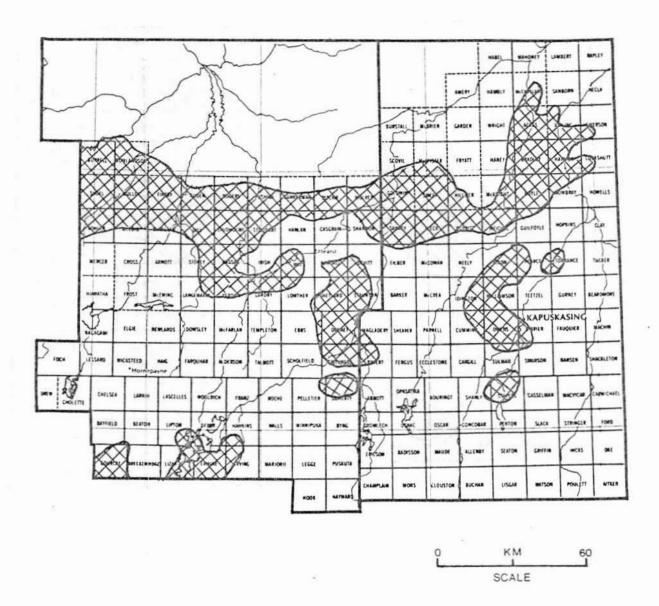
FOREST TENT CATERPILLAR

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1950

LEGEND

Light defoliation

Moderate-to-severe defoliation

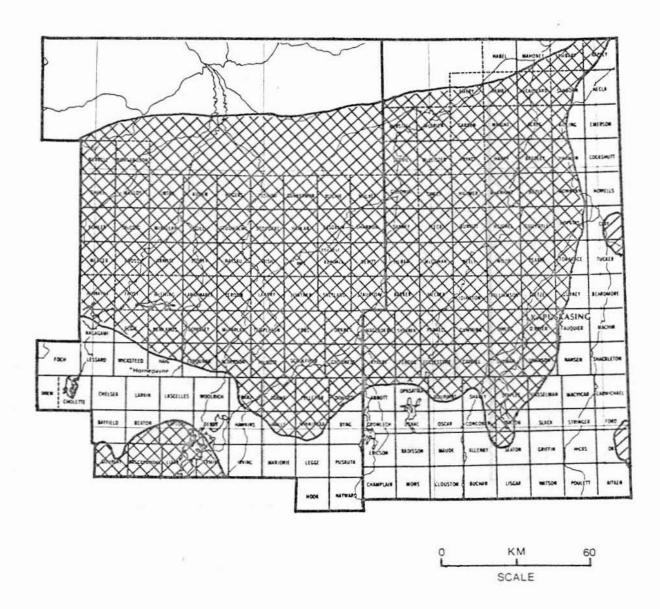


FOREST TENT CATERPILLAR

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1951

LEGEND



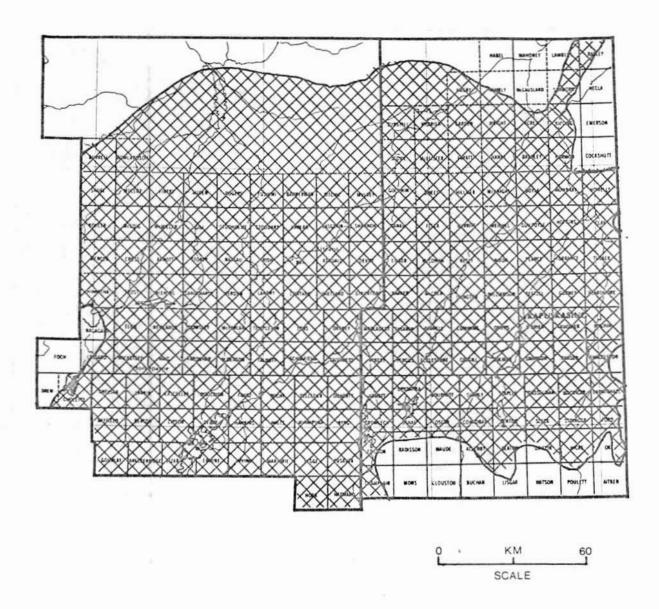


FOREST TENT CATERPILLAR

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1952

LEGEND

Light defoliation Moderate-to-severe defoliation

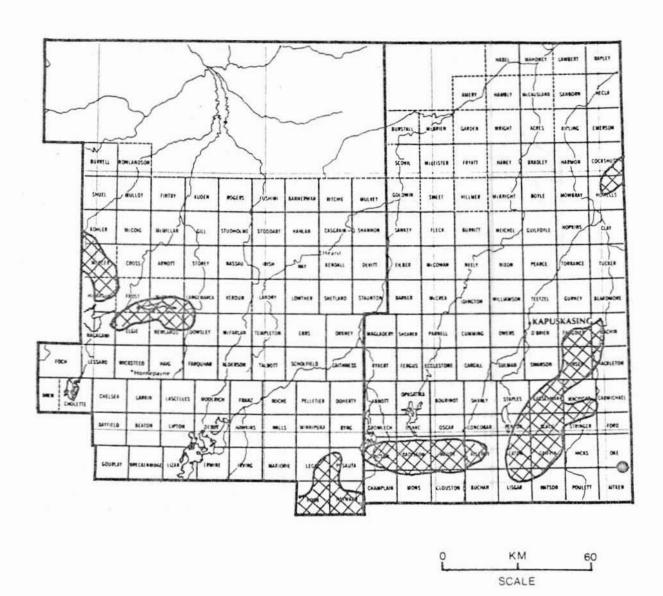


FOREST TENT CATERPILLAR

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1953

LEGEND



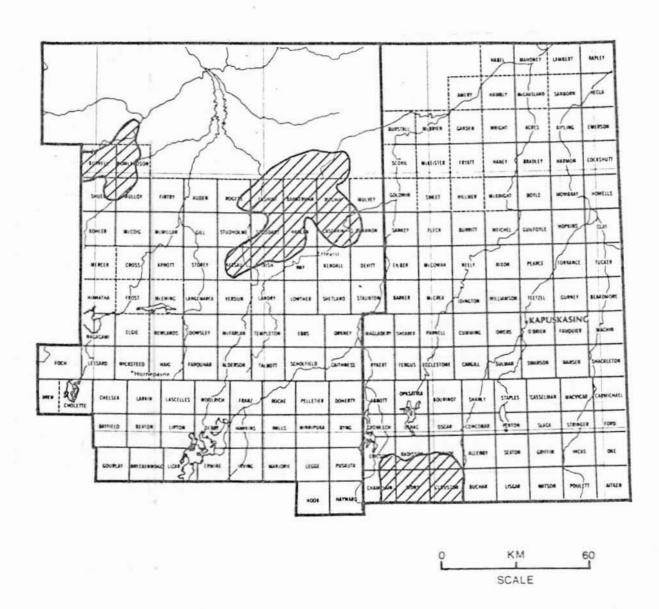


FOREST TENT CATERPILLAR

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1954

LEGEND



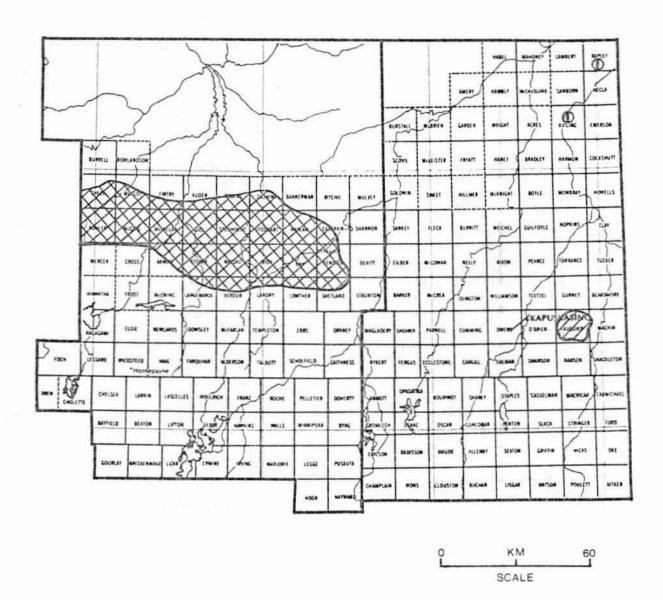


FOREST TENT CATERPILLAR

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1955

LEGEND

Light defoliation



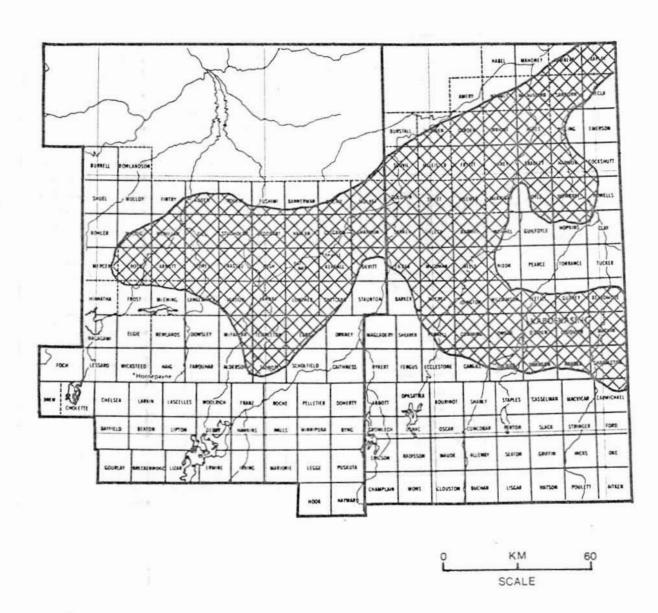
FOREST TENT CATERPILLAR

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1974

LEGEND

Light defoliation or ©

Moderate-to-severe defoliation

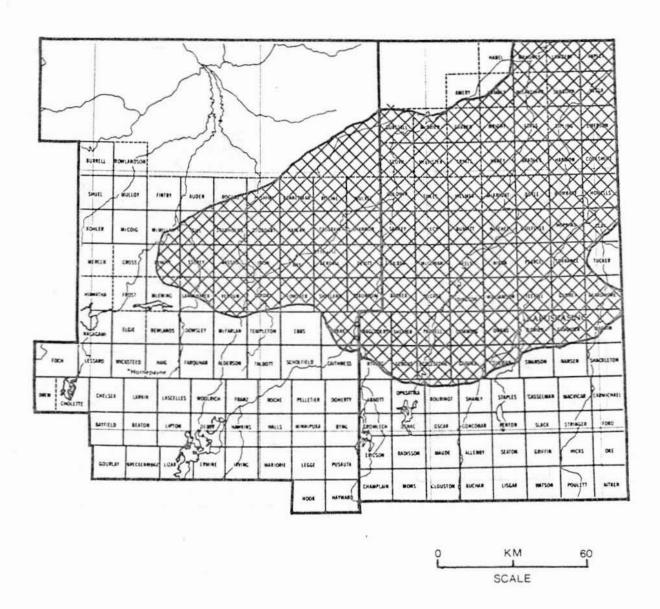


FOREST TENT CATERPILLAR

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1975

LEGEND



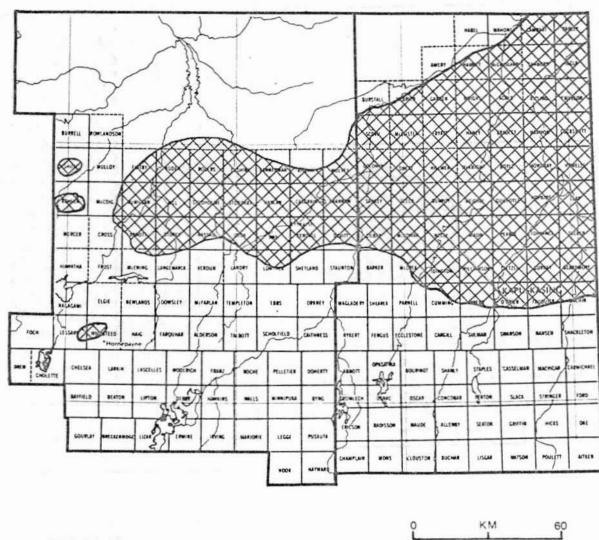


FOREST TENT CATERPILLAR

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1976

LEGEND





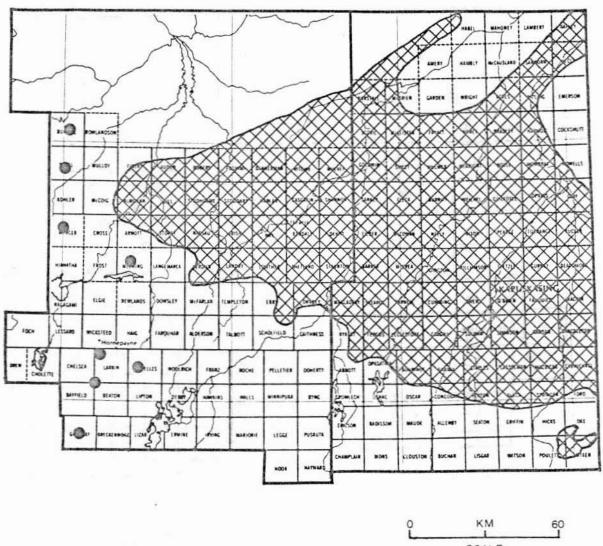
SCALE

FOREST TENT CATERPILLAR

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1977

LEGEND





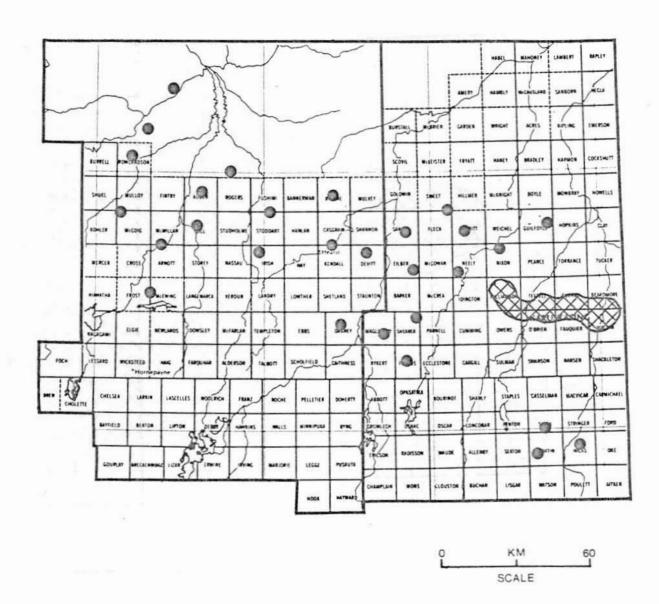
SCALE

FOREST TENT CATERPILLAR

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1978

LEGEND





FOREST TENT CATERPILLAR

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1979

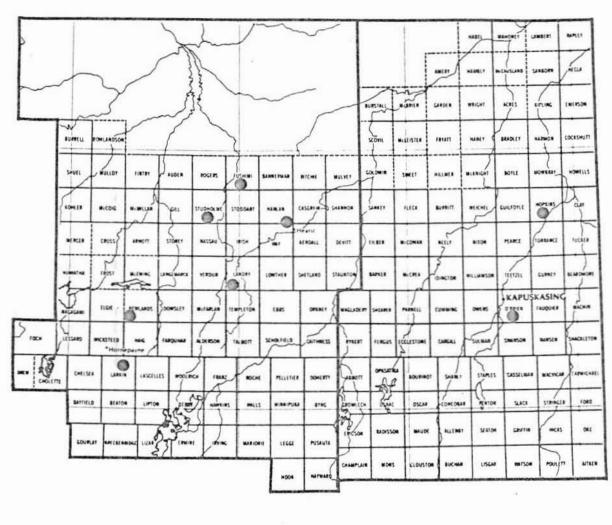
LEGEND

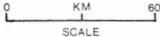
Whitespotted Sawyer, Monochamus scutellatus (Say)

Host(s): coniferous

[Major]

Year	Remarks
1950-1953	not reported
1954	low populations in Rogers Twp
1955	not reported
1956-1958	low populations general in the District
1959-1974	not reported
1975	high populations on skidways in Lowther Twp
1976-1978	not reported
1979	branch mortality caused by adult feeding on spruce seed trees in Larkin Twp
1980	heavy damage to a group of seed trees and residual black spruce trees in Fushimi Twp and at several other locations (see map, page 62); ground sprays with Lindane carried out on skidways to control these adults in Lowther and Ander- son twps





WHITESPOTTED SAWYER

Locations where damage was observed in 1980

LEGEND

Damage areas

Pine Sawflies, Neodiprion maurus Roh., N. nanulus nanulus Schedl., N. pratti banksianae Roh. and N. virginianus

Host(s):	ήP	[Major]

Year		Remarks
1950-1952		not reported
1953	N. nanulus nanulus	light infestation in Franz Twp
1954	N. nanulus nanulus N. banksianae N. virginianus	low populations in Franz Twp very low populations in Franz Twp light defoliation in McMillan and Devitt twps
1955	N. nanulus nanulus N. banksianae N. virginianus	very low populations in Franz Twp very low populations in Franz and Foch twps very low populations in McMillan, Stoddart and Devitt twps
1956	N. banksianae N. virginianus	very low populations in Foch and Franz twps very low populations in McMillan and Studholme twps
1957	N. virginianus	low populations in Gill and Hawkins twps
1958	N. virginianus	low populations in Gill Twp
1959	N. maurus N. nanulus nanulus N. virginianus	low populations in Wicksteed Twp low populations in Wicksteed Twp low populations in McMillan and Wicksteed twps
1960	N. maurus N. virginianus	one colony found in McMillan Twp light infestations along the Horne- payne Road, and in Kohler, McCoig, McMillan, Gill, Studholme, and Lowther twps
1961	N. nanulus nanulus N. virginianus	one colony in McMillan Twp low numbers in McMillan, Wicksteed and Gill twps
1962	N. virginianus	low numbers in McMillan and Wicksteed twps

(cont'd)

Pine Sawflies, Neodiprion maurus Roh., N. nanulus nanulus Schedl., N. pratti banksianae Roh. and N. virginianus (concl.)

Year	<u>.</u>	Remarks
1963		not reported
1964-1966	N. virginianus	low numbers in Wicksteed and McMillan twps
1967	N. naurus	low populations in Dowsley and Elgie twps
	N. virginianus	low numbers in Studholme, Elgie and Beaton twps
1968	N. virginianus	low numbers in Studholme, Wicksteed and McMillan twps
1969-1975		not reported
1976-1980	N. virginianus	low numbers in Gill, Studholme and McMillan twps

Northern Pitch Twig Moth, Petrova albicapitana (Busck)

1965

1966-1973

1974-1980

not reported

Host (s): jP	[Minor]
Year	Remarks
1950-1954	not reported
1955	light infestation in Studholme Twp
1956	population decline in Studholme Twp
1957	increases in populations in Wicksteed, Nagagami, and Derry twps
1958-1960	low levels in Byng Twp
1961	low populations in Wicksteed and McMillan twps
1962	low levels in Sankey Twp
1963-1964	not reported

low population levels in Gill and McMillan twps

low populations general in the District

Aspen Leafblotch Miner, Phyllonorycter ontario (Free.)

Host (s):	aspen [Majo	r]
Year	Remarks	
1950	common in the District	
1951	severe defoliation in Kohler and Hanlan twps	
1952	decline in populations in Kohler and Hanlan twps	
1953-1955	not reported	
1956-1959	common in the District	
1960	moderate-to-severe browning	
1961-1970	low populations general in the District	
1971	increase in populations in Wicksteed Twp	
1972-1974	low populations general in the District	
1975-1976	not reported	
1977	low populations general in the District	
1978	high populations in Beaton Twp	
1979	severe browning along Hwy 631 from Gourlay Twp north McMillan Twp	to
1980	a general decline in populations	

Yellowheaded Spruce Sawfly, Pikonema alaskensis (Roh.)

1980

Host (s):	spruce [Major]
Year	Remarks
1950-1951	low populations in the District
1952	severe defoliation of small trees in Hanlan Twp
1953	low populations in the District
1954-1956	moderate-to-severe defoliation in McMillan, Kendall, and Devitt twps
1957-1958	light defoliation in McMillan Twp
1959-1961	severe defoliation in McMillan Twp
1962	decline in populations in McMillan Twp
1963	low populations in the District
1964	not reported
1965	Populations increased; there was severe defoliation in Way Twp and light defoliation in Rogers Twp
1966	severe defoliation in Way and McMillan twps; light defoliation in Stoddart Twp
1967	medium defoliation in Elgie and Casgrain twps; light defoliation in Rogers and Devitt twps
1968-1969	light defoliation in Wicksteed, McMillan, and Rogers twps
1970-1971	severe defoliation on ornamentals and hedgerows in urban areas
1972-1974	light defoliation on ornamentals in urban areas
1975-1978	severe defoliation in plantations and on ornamentals in urbran areas
1979	decline in populations general in the District

a further decline in populations

[Major]

White Pine Weevil, Pissodes strobi (Peck)

HOST (S): pine,	, spruce	
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Remarks Year 1950-1955 not reported 1956 severe damage in Franz Twp (7% infested) 1957 severe damage in Hawkins Twp (14% infested) 1958 light-to-moderate damage in Franz Twp (5% infested) 1959-1963 not reported 1964 increase in populations in McCoig and Kohler twps 1965 high damage in Wicksteed Twp (32% infested); light damage in Studholme Twp (2% infested) 1966 high damage in Wicksteed Twp (19% infested); light damage in Stoddart Twp 1967 light damage in Wicksteed Twp 1968 decline in infestations; light-to-moderate damage in Studholme and Wicksteed twps 1969-1975 not reported 1976 low populations in Lowther Twp (3% infested); high populations in Way Twp (8% infested) 1977 low populations in Lowther Twp (5% infested); high damage in Way Twp (9% infested) 1978 low populations in Way and Lowther twps (3% and 1% infested, respectively) 1979-1980 low populations in Studholme Twp (2% infested)

Larch Sawfly, Pristiphora erichsonii (Htg.)

Host (s):	larch [Major]
Year	Remarks
1950	low populations
1951	light defoliation across the northern part of the District between Shuel and Devitt twps and at a few locations in the south; moderate defoliation in Shuel and Kohler twps
1952	an increase in populations, with numerous stands of larch moderately to severely defoliated
1953	a further increase in populations; numerous stands severe- ly defoliated in the northern part of the District
1954	general increases in populations; most stands severely defoliated
1955	all stands examined severely defoliated
1956	A major decline in populations occurred; light-to-moderate defoliation was general in the District.
1957	Populations declined further in the northern part of the District; light-to-moderate defoliation was observed in the southeastern part.
1958	An increase in intensity occurred at numerous locations in the southern part of the District.
1959	little change in infestations, except for a population in- crease on the southern boundary of the District
1960	a further increase in populations; severe defoliation ob- served in most stands examined
1961	Populations declined; moderate defoliation persisted in the western part of the District.
1962	a further decline; very light defoliation at numerous locations, with moderate defoliation west of the Horne-payne road; high tree mortality in the western part and low tree mortality in the eastern part of the District

(cont'd)

Larch Sawfly, Pristiphora erichsonii (Htg.) (concl.)

Host (s):	larch	[Major]

Year	Remarks				
1963	Light-to-moderate infestations persisted west of the Hornepayne Road. Some new tree mortality occurred in the northwestern part of the District.				
1964	light defoliation at three locations west of the Horne- payne Road; less new tree mortality than in previous year				
1965-1966	low populations in the District				
1967	severe defoliation in Wicksteed Twp; moderate defoliation in Beaton Twp				
1968-1970	light infestations in McMillan, Wicksteed, and Haig twps				
1971	moderate defoliation in the southwestern part of the District				
1972-1975	low populations general in the District				
1976-1977	moderate defoliation between Hearst and the Geraldton- Hearst district border				
1978	a general decline in populations, except in McCoig Twp where trees in a 5-ha stand were 10% defoliated				
1979-1980	Severe defoliation persisted in the 5-ha stand in McCoig Twp. Pockets of light defoliation were observed at numer- ous other locations.				

Mountain-ash Sawfly, Pristiphora geniculata (Htg.)

Host (s): mountain-ash	[Major]
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Year	Remarks
1950-1961	not reported
1962	light defoliation in Minnipuka Twp
1963-1969	not reported
1970	new distribution records established in Studholme and Kohler twps

(cont'd)

Mountain-ash Sawfly, Pristiphora geniculata (Htg.) (concl.)

Host (s): mountain-ash

Remarks

1971 new northern distribution recorded in Rogers Twp

1972-1973 not reported

1974 severe defoliation of ornamentals in urban areas

1975 lower levels of infestation in the District

1976-1977 severe defoliation of ornamentals in the town of Hearst

1978 severe defoliation of ornamentals in Elgie Twp

1979-1980 severe defoliation of ornamentals in the District

Ambermarked Birch Leafminer, Profenusa thomsoni (Konow)

Host (s):	birch	[Major]
11036 (3).	OTT CII	[114]01

Year	Remarks
1950-1955	not reported
1956-57	low populations in the District
1958	not reported
1959	low populations in Wicksteed Twp
1960	not reported
1961	severe browning in Wicksteed and Minnipuka twps
1962	decline in populations in Wicksteed Twp
1963	light browning in Wicksteed Twp
1964	light browning in Wicksteed Twp
1965	light browning in Wicksteed Twp
1966	severe browning in Wicksteed, Stoddart, Gill, McMillan, and Fintry twps

(cont'd)

[Major]

Ambermarked Birch Leafminer, Profenusa thomsoni (Konow) (concl.)

Host (s): birch

[Major]

Year	Remarks
1967-1968	severe browning in Stoddart and Frost twps
1969	severe browning in Gill, Stoddart, and Frost twps; moderate at numerous other locations
1970	severe browning between Nagagami River in the west to the town of Hearst in the east, and along the Hornepayne Road
1971	low populations between Nagagami River in the west to the town of Hearst in the east, and along the Hornepayne Road
1972	low populations general in the District
1973-1974	not reported
1975-1977	low populations in McCoig Twp
1978-1980	not reported

Other Noteworthy Insects

Eastern Blackheaded Budworm, Acleris variana (Fern.)

Host	101	spruce.	bF.	
nost	15	spruce.	Dr	

[Minor]

Year	Remarks
1950-1960	low populations in the District
1961-1962	light infestation in Gill Twp
1963	not reported
1964-1965	low populations in the District
1966-1980	not reported

Pine Spittlebug, Aphrophora cribrata (Wlk.)

Remarks

[Major]

[Major]

1950-1958 not reported

Host (s): iP

Year

1959 spittle masses common in the District

1960 light infestation in McMillan Twp

1961 moderate infestations in McMillan and Gill twps

1962 lower populations

1963-1980 not reported

Cedar Leafminers, Argyresthia aureoargentella Brower and Pulicalvaria thujaella (Kft.)

Host (s): eC

Year Remarks

1950-1957 low populations

1958 light browning in Frost, Fock, and Larkin twps

1959-1960 common throughout the District

1961 not reported

1962 common throughout the District

1963-1980 not reported

Jack Pine Resin Midge, Cecidomyia resinicola (0.S.) (= reeksi Vock.)

Host (s): jP [Minor]

Year Remarks

1950-1960 not reported

1961-1963 light infestations in Wicksteed and McMillan twps

(cont'd)

Jack Pine Resin Midge, Cecidomyia resinicola (0.S.) (= reeksi Vock.)

Host (s): jP

[Minor]

<u>Year</u> Remarks

1964-1965 decline in infestations in Wicksteed and McMillan twps

1966 light infestations in Wicksteed, McMillan, and Rogers twps

1967-1980 not reported

Jack Pine Tip Beetle, Conophthorus banksianae McPherson

Host (s): jP [Minor]

Year Remarks

1950-1960 not reported

1961-1962 low populations in Wicksteed Twp

1963-1977 not reported

1978 low populations in Wicksteed Twp

1979-1980 not reported

Fringed Birch Sawfly, Dimorphopteryx melanognathus Roh.

Host (s): birch [Major]

<u>Year</u> Remarks

1950-1961 not reported

1962 first distribution record in the District

1963 Low populations persisted in the District.

1964-1980 not reported

Spruce Coneworm, Dioryctria reniculelloides Mut. & Mun.

Host (s): spruce, bF

[Minor]

Year Remarks

1950-1965 not reported

1966-1967 low numbers in the District

1968-1979 not reported

1980 In Arnott Twp 39% of the cones examined were infested.

1980 not reported

Birch Leafminer, Fenusa pusilla (Lep.)

Host (s): wB

[Major]

Year Remarks

1950-1974 not reported

1975 first distribution record in McCoig Twp

1976-1977 not reported

1978 severe browning in Larkin Twp

1979 severe browning in Gourlay Twp

1980 not reported

European Spruce Sawfly, Gilpinia hercyniae (Htg.)

Host (s): spruce

[Minor]

Year Remarks

.1950-1960 not reported

1961 first distribution record in Gill Twp

1962-1964 low populations in the District

1965 increased populations in the District

(cont'd)

European Spruce Sawfly, Gilpinia hercyniae (Htg.) (concl.)

Host (s): spruce

[Minor]

Year

1966

light defoliation in Gill Twp

1967-1969

not reported

1970

first record in Frost and Gourlay twps

1971-1980

not reported

Pine Engraver, Ips pini (Say)

Host (s): coniferous

[Major]

Year Remarks

1950-1961

not reported

1962

high numbers in a large area of blowdown

1963-1969

not reported

1970

low levels in the District

1971

continued low levels in the District

1972-1980

not reported

Balsam Fir Sawfly, Neodiprion abietis complex

Host (s): bF, wS, bS

[Major]

1950-1952 not reported

1953-1954 low populations in the District

1955

Year

light defoliation in Cholette Twp

Remarks

1956-1957

low populations in the District

1958-1959

not reported

(cont'd)

Balsam Fir Sawfly, Neodiprion abietis complex (concl.)

Year	Remarks
1960-1961	light defoliation on white spruce in Frost and Gill twps
1962-1964	low populations in the District
1965	increase in populations in Rogers Twp
1966-1968	low populations in the District
1969-1974	not reported
1975 .	light defoliation on balsam fir in Lowther Twp
1976-1978	not reported
1979	severe single-tree defoliation in Kohler and McCoig twps
1980	not reported

Balsam Poplar Leafblotch Miner, Phyllonorycter nipigon (Free.)

Host (s):	bPo [Major]
Year	Remarks
1950-1970	not reported
1971	severe defoliation of young trees in Shuel Twp

1972	continued	severe	${\tt defoliation}$	of	young	trees	in	Shuel	Twp
------	-----------	--------	---------------------	----	-------	-------	----	-------	-----

1973 continued severe defoliation in Shuel Twp

1974-1976 not reported

1977 severe browning between Hearst and Pagwa

1978 Populations declined.

1979 high populations in McMillan Twp

1980 not reported

Balsam Shootboring Sawfly, Pleroneura brunneicornis Roh.

Host (s):	bF	[Minor]

Year	Remarks
1950-1959	not reported
1960	light infestation in Frost Twp
1961	not reported
1962	light infestations general in the District
1963	not reported
1964	increase in populations in Byng Twp
1965-1966	low populations general in the District
1967	not reported
1963	low populations in the District
1969-1980	not reported

Spruce Bud Midge, Rhabdophaga swainei Felt

Host (s):	[Mino	[]
Host (s):	Mino)]

Host (s): ws	s, bs	[Minor]
Year	Remarks	
1950-1959	not reported	
1960	common in all stands examined in Devitt Twp	
1961-1963	low populations in McMillan Twp	
1964	decline in populations in McMillan Twp	
1965	low populations general in the District	
1966	increase in populations in McMillan Twp	
1967	low populations in McMillan Twp	
1968	slight increase in populations in McMillan Twp	
1969-1970	not reported	
1971	low populations in McMillan Twp	
1972-1980	not reported	

Pine Tip Moth, Rhyacionia adana Heinr.

Host (s): pine

[Major]

Year

Remarks

1950-1959 not reported

1960

first record of distribution in the District

1961-1980

not reported

Red Jack Pine Shoot Borer, Rhyacionia busckana Heinr.

Host (s): jP

[Minor]

Year

Remarks

1950-1961

not reported

1962

low populations in McMillan Twp

1963-1980

not reported

Aspen Webworm, Tetralopha aplastella (H1st.)

Host (s): aspen, birch

[Minor]

Year

Remarks

1950-1961

not reported

1962

high populations in McMillan and Stoddart twps

1963

increased populations in Byng Twp

1964

a further increase in Byng Twp

1965-1980 not reported

Spruce Bud Moth, Zeiraphera canadensis Mut. & Free.

Host (s): spruce

[Major]

Year

1950-1969 not reported

1970 severe defoliation in McMillan and Arnott twps

1971 high populations in McMillan and Arnott twps

1972-1980 not reported

Poplar Blackmine Beetle, Zeugophora abnormis Lec.

Host (s): poplar

[Minor]

Year Remarks

1950-1954 not reported

1955-1959 common on young trees in the District

1960 17% of the leaves of young trees mined in Kohler Twp

1961 light mining in Kohler and Wicksteed twps

1962-1980 not reported

DISEASES

Armillaria Root Rot, Armillaria mellea (Vahl: Fr.) Kummer

1979

1980

not reported

Host (s): all species [Major]

Year	Remarks
1950-1961	not reported
1962	light damage on larch in Kohler Twp
1963	light damage on jack pine in Gill Twp
1964-1967	not reported
1968	trace damage in the District
1969	not reported
1970	common in black spruce plantations
1971-1973	not reported
1974-1978	light damage in pine plantations in the District

light damage in pine plantations in Studholme Twp

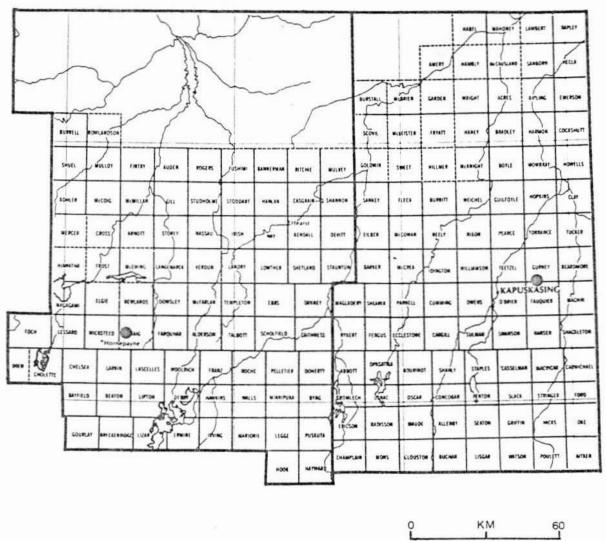
Scleroderris Canker, Ascocalyx abietina (Lagerb.) Schläpfer-Bernhard

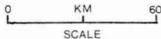
Host (s):	pine [Major]
Year	Remarks
1950-1966	not reported
1967	moderate damage to red pine and jack pine plantation trees in Haig Twp (see map, page 85)
1968	heavy damage in red pine plantations in Wicksteed Twp; moderate damage in jack pine plantations in Wicksteed Twp
1969	not reported
1970	trace levels in Studholme and Wicksteed twps
1971	moderate-to-heavy damage in Wicksteed, and Studholme twps
1972-1975	low level of infection in Gill, Wicksteed, and Studholme twps
1976-1978	not reported

light levels in Arnott and Studholme twps

1979-1980

HEARST AND KAPUSKASING DISTRICTS





SCLERODERRIS CANKER

Locations where infections were observed in 1967

LEGEND

Several records @

Spruce Needle Rusts, $Chrysomyxa\ ledi$ (Alb. & Schwein.) de Bary and $C.\ ledicola\ Lagh.$

Host (s):	spruce [Minor]
Year	Remarks
1950-1953	not reported
1954-1958	light infections common in the District
1959	severe browning in the Hearst, Hornepayne and Pagwa areas
1960	decline in incidence in the Hearst, Hornepayne and Pagwa areas
1961	decline to low in the District
1962-1963	low incidence in the District
1964-1965	light to moderate in McMillan Twp
1966	reduced to low levels in the District
1967-1969	Low levels persisted in the District.
1970-1971	not reported
1972	moderate browning in Caithness Twp
1973	not reported
1974	varying degrees of infection in Scholfield Twp
1975-1977	generally light infections in the District

light browning in Lowther Twp

low levels in the District

1978

1979-1980

Ink Spot of Aspen, Ciborinia whetzelii (Seaver) Seaver

Host (s): as	spen [Major]
Year	Remarks
1950-1958	not reported
1959	moderate-to-severe along Hwy 11 between Hearst and the Geraldton-Hearst district boundary
1960-1962	not reported
1963	an increase in incidence and severity in the District
1964	a decrease in levels throughout the District
1965	moderate-to-severe in the District
1966	a general decline throughout the District
1967	a further decline
1968	low levels throughout the District
1969	not reported
1970	severe infection in McMillan, Gill, and Studholme twps
1971	decline to light in McMillan, Gill, and Studholme twps
1972	a further decline
1973	light infection in Wicksteed Twp
1974-1975	light infection general in the District
1976-1977	not reported
1978	severe infection in Bayfield and Lascelles twps; light infection in Lowther, Larkin, and Beaton twps
1979	severe infection in Gourlay Twp; light infection in Studholme and Beaton twps
1980	low levels general in the District

Shoot Blight, Venturia macularis (Fr.) E. Müller & v. Arx

Host (s):	aspen	[Major]

Year	Remarks
1950-1961	not reported
1962	severe stem damage in Casgrain and Studholme twps
1963	as much as 90% mortality in terminal shoots at numerous locations in the District
1964	severe damage general in the District
1965-1966	not reported
1967-1968	light infection in Nassau Twp
1969	not reported
1970	common in the District
1971-1972	not reported
1973	trace levels in the District
1974-1975	not reported
1976	severe damage in Kohler and McCoig twps
1977-1979	light in Arnott and Gourlay twps
1980	not reported

Other Noteworthy Diseases

Sweet Fern Blister Rust, Cronartium comptoniae Arthur

Host (s): jP [Ma	jor]	
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Year		Remarks
1950-1968	not reported	
1969	trace damage in Haig Twp	
1970-1980	not reported	

White Pine Blister Rust, Cronartium ribicola J.C. Fischer

Host (s): wP [Major]

Year Remarks

1950-1961 not reported

1962 low levels of infection in Haig Twp

1963-1966 not reported

1967 light infection in Devitt and Studholme twps

1968 severe infection in Studholme Twp

1969-1972 not reported

1973 moderate infection in Studholme Twp

1974-1980 not reported

Tar Spot Needle Cast, Davisomycella ampla (J. Davis) Darker

Host (s): jP [Major]

Year Remarks

1950-1959 not reported

1960-1964 light in the District

1965-1975 not reported

1976-1977 trace levels of infection in the District

1978 not reported

1979-1980 trace levels of infection in Arnott and Studholme twps

Globose Gall Rust, Endocronartium harknessii (J.P. Moore) Y. Hirats.

Host (s): jP

[Major]

Remarks Year

1950-1969

not reported

1970

trace infection levels in the District

1971-1973

not reported

1974

trace infection levels in the District

1975-1979

not reported

1980

low levels of infection in the District

Hypoxylon Canker, Hypoxylon mammatum (Wahlenb.) J. Miller

Host (s): poplar

[Major]

Year Remarks

1950-1953 not reported

1954

widely distributed

1955

low levels common in the District; 12% infected in Kendall

Twp

1956-1959

not reported

1960-1980

varying degrees of damage throughout the District

ABIOTIC DAMAGE

Frost

Year Remarks

1950-1964 not reported

1965 damage heavy on white and black spruce

1966-1967 not reported

1968 severe damage in the central and northern parts of the

District

1969-1976 not reported

1977 varying degrees of intensity in the District

1978-1979 not reported

1980 Light-to-moderate damage in the Hearst area was attributed

to frost and snow.

Wind

Year Remarks

1950-1968 not reported

1969 severe blowdown in a band 16 km wide between Nagagami and

the Kapuskasing District border

1970-1972 not reported

1973 severe blowdown in the northern part of the District

1974-1980 not reported

Hail

Year Remarks

1950-1977 not reported

1978 severe branch damage in cut-over area in Studholme,

Stoddart, Irish, Way and Shetland twps

1979-1980 not reported

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A

DECIDUOUS HOST

Common Name	Scientific Name	Abbreviations
Alder	Alnus spp.	Al
Apple	Malnus spp.	Ap
Ash, black	Fraxinus nigra Marsh.	As
Aspen, largetooth	Populus grandidentata Michx.	1A
trembling	tremuloides Michx.	tA
Basswood	Tilia spp.	Ва
Beech	Fagus grandifolia Ehrh.	Ве
Birch, white	Betula papyrifera Marsh.	wB
yellow	alleghaniensis Britt.	уВ
Butternut	Juglans cinerea L.	Bu
Cherry, eastern choke	Prunus virginiana L.	eaCH
pin	pensylvanica L.f.	pCh
Elm, white	Ulmus americana L.	wE
Horse-chestnut	Aesculus hippocastanum L.	hChe
Ironwood	Ostrya spp.	I
Maple, Manitoba	Acer negundo L.	mM
red	rubrum L.	rM
sugar	saccharum Marsh.	sM
Mountain-ash, American	Sorbus americana Marsh.	aMo
Oak, bur	Quercus macrocarpa Michx.	ьо
red	rubra L.	rO
Poplar, balsam	Populus balsamifera L.	bPo
Carolina	eugenei Simon-Louis	cPo
Lombardy	nigra L.	1Po
silver	alba L.	sPo
Willow	Salix spp.	W

APPENDIX B

CONIFEROUS HOST

Common Name	Scientific Name	Abbreviations
Cedar, eastern white	Thuja occidentalis L.	eC
Fir, balsam	Abies balsamea (L.) Mill.	bF
Larch	Larix laricina (Du Roi) K. Ko	ch tL
Pine, Austrian	Pinus nigra Arn.	aP
eastern white	strobus L.	wP
jack	banksiana Lamb.	j₽
mugho	mugho Turra	mP
red	resinosa Ait.	rP
Scots	sylvestris L.	scP
Spruce, black	Picea mariana (Mill.) B.S.P.	bS
Colorado	pungens Engelm.	colS
Norway	abies (L.) Karst.	nS
red	rubens Sarg.	rS
white	glauca (Moench) Voss	wS

APPENDIX C

MAPS - NORTHEASTERN ONTARIO



Birch Skeletonizer

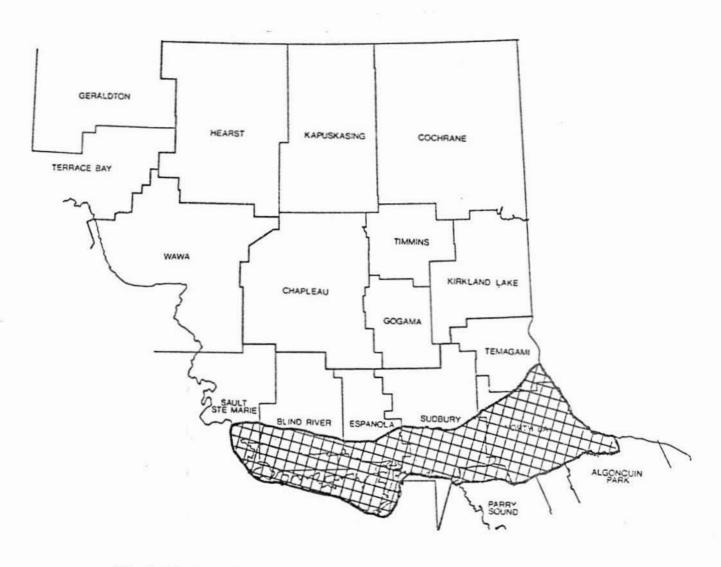
Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1950

LEGEND

Light defoliation ① Moderate-to-severe defoliation



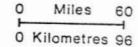


Birch Skeletonizer

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1961

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation





Birch Skeletonizer

Miles 60 O Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1963

LEGEND

Light defoliation

Moderate-to-severe defoliation @ or





Birch Skeletonizer

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1970

Miles 60 O Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation ② or







Birch Skeletonizer

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1971

Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation





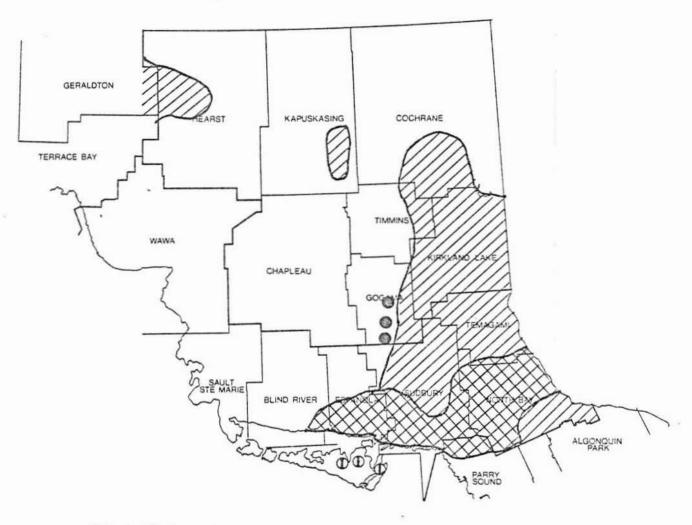
Birch Skeletonizer

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1972

LEGEND

Light defoliation ① or Moderate-to-severe defoliation

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

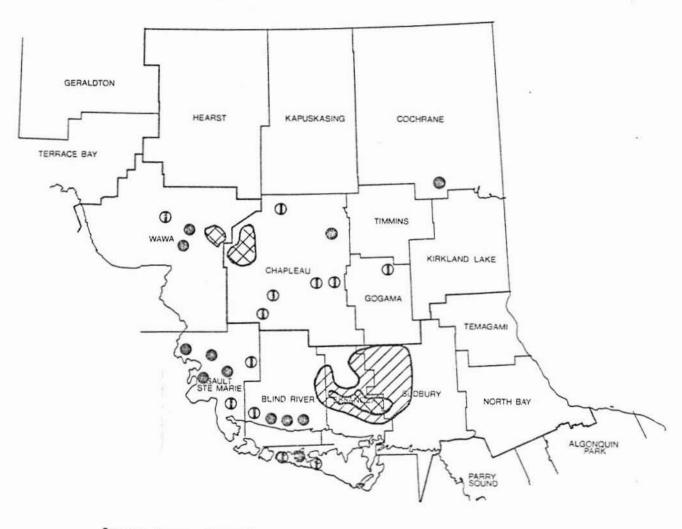


Birch Skeletonizer

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1973

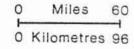
0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND



Large Aspen Tortrix

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1957



LEGEND

Light defoliation ① or ②

Moderate-to-severe defoliation ③ or ②



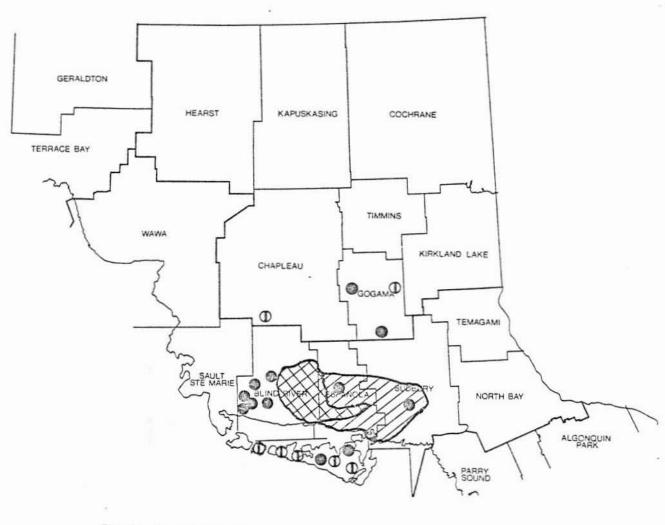
Large Aspen Tortrix

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1958

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Light defoliation ① or Moderate-to-severe defoliation ② or



Large Aspen Tortrix

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1959

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Light defoliation ① or Moderate-to-severe defoliation ③ or



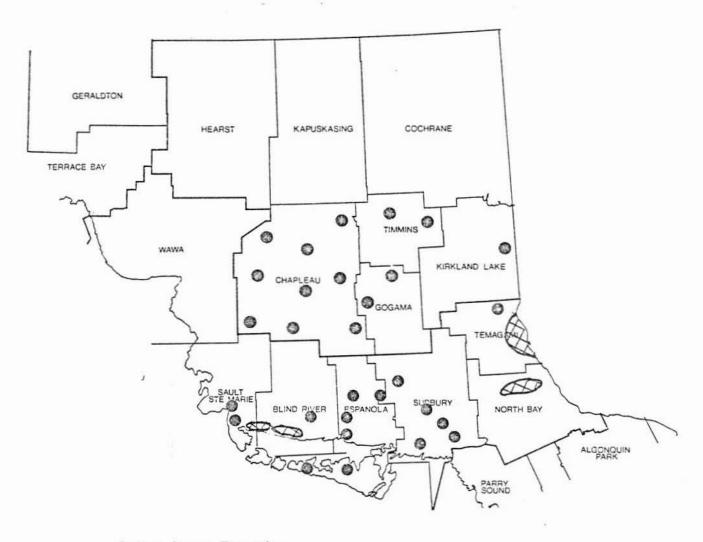
Large Aspen Tortrix

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1970

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation 💿 or



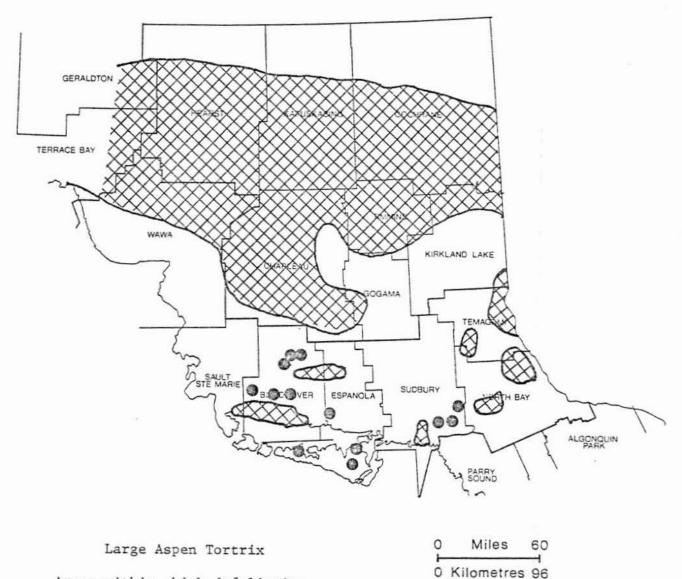
Large Aspen Tortrix

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1971

O Miles 60 O Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation 😝 or



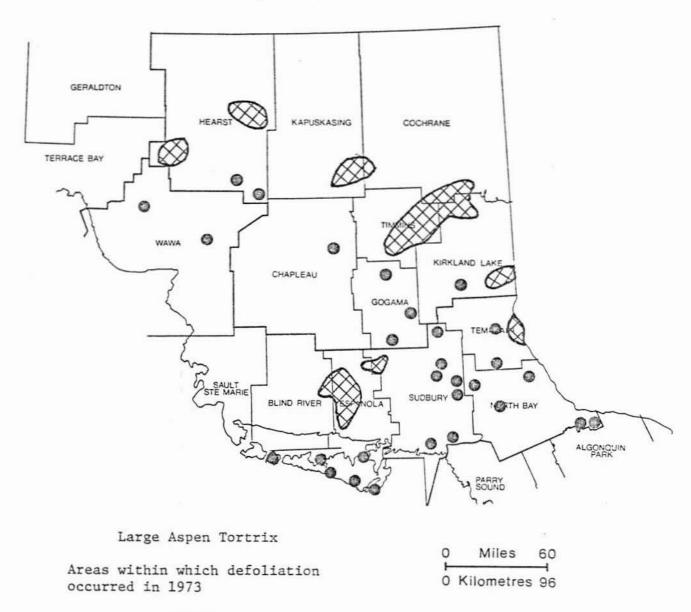
Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1972

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation ② or

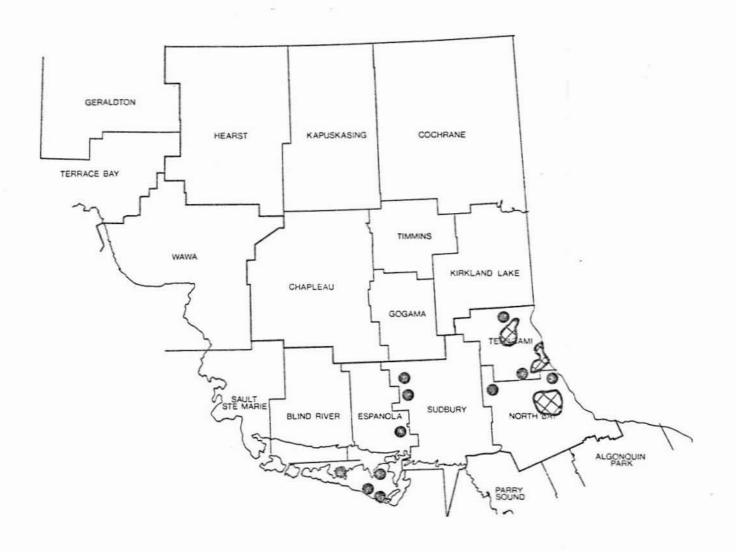






LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation ② or



Large Aspen Tortrix

Miles 60 O Kilometres 96

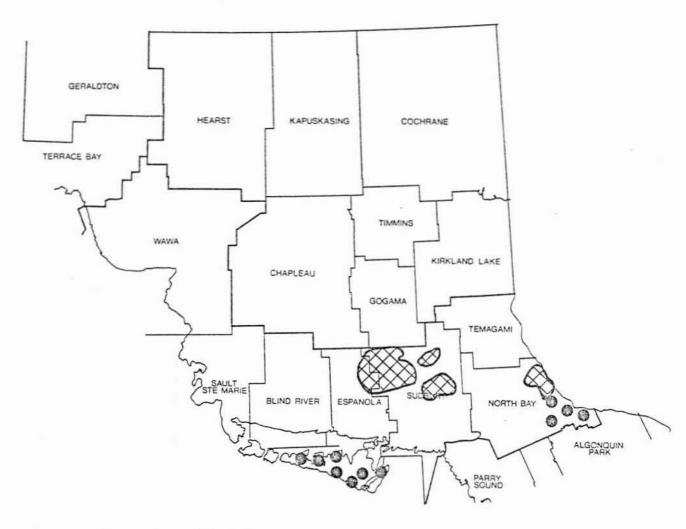
Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1974

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation or







Large Aspen Tortrix

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1975

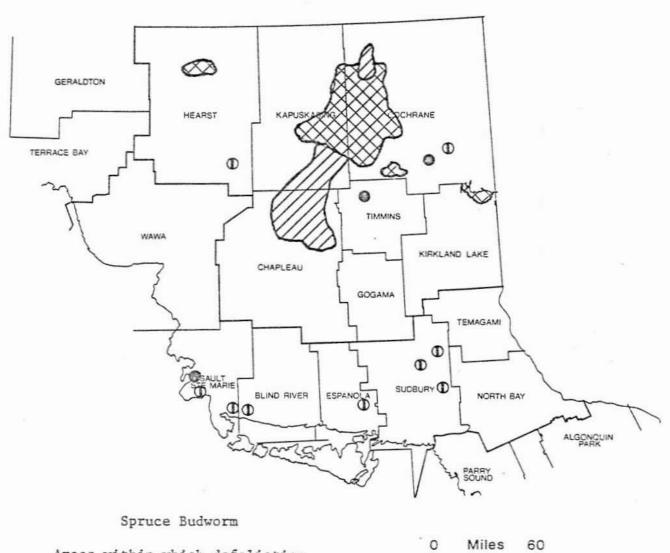
Miles 60 O Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation o or







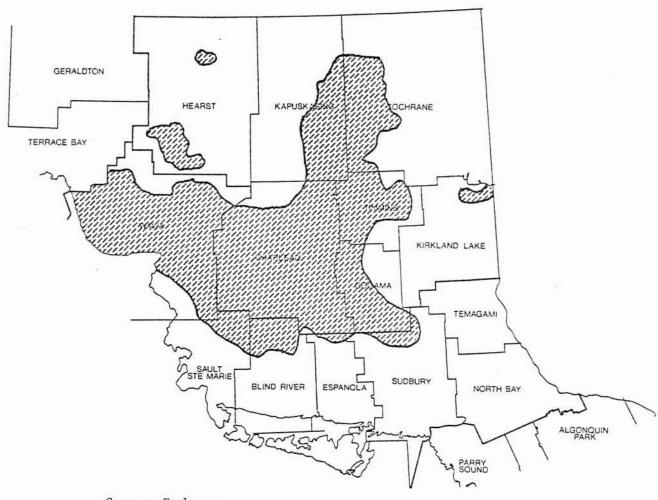
Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1950

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Light defoliation ① or

Moderate-to-severe defoliation ② or



Spruce Budworm

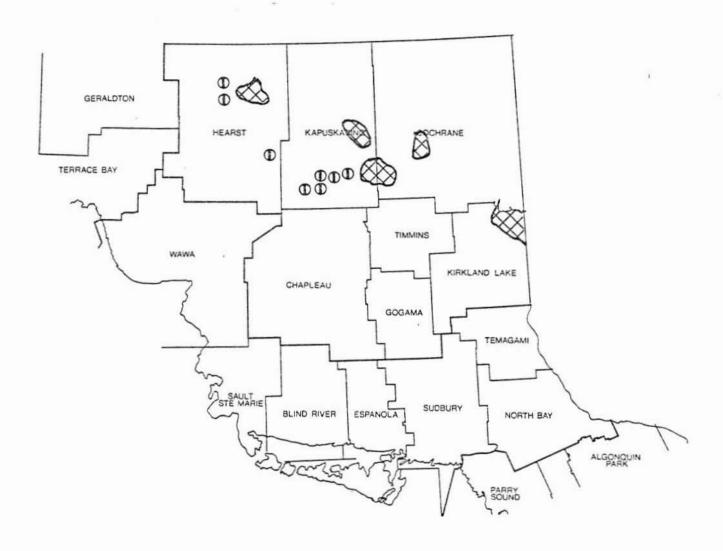
Areas within which balsam fir whole tree and top mortality occurred in 1950

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Mortality





Spruce Budworm

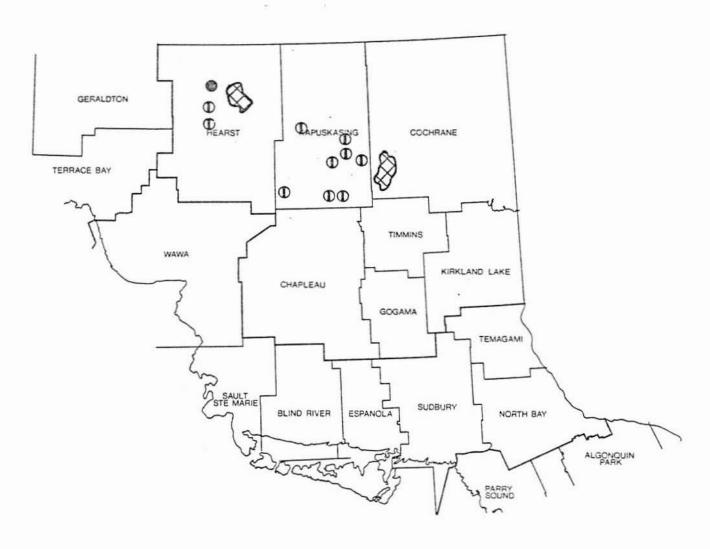
Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1951

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Light defoliation ①

Moderate-to-severe defoliation



Spruce Budworm

Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1952

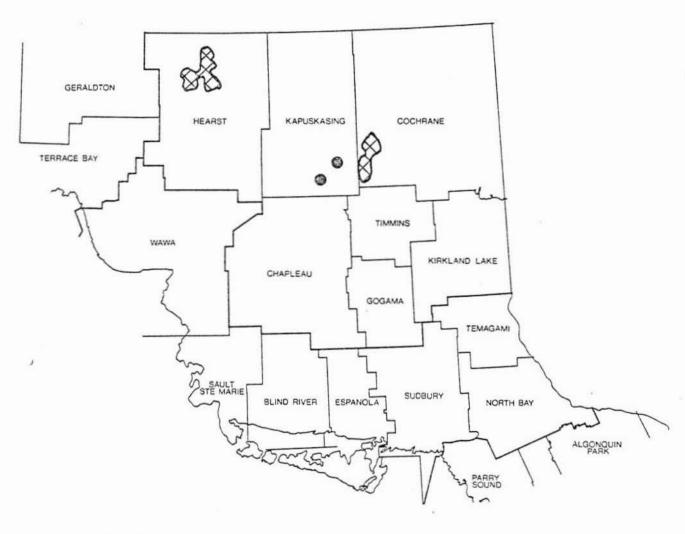
LEGEND

Light defoliation ①

Moderate-to-severe defoliation 3 or







Spruce Budworm

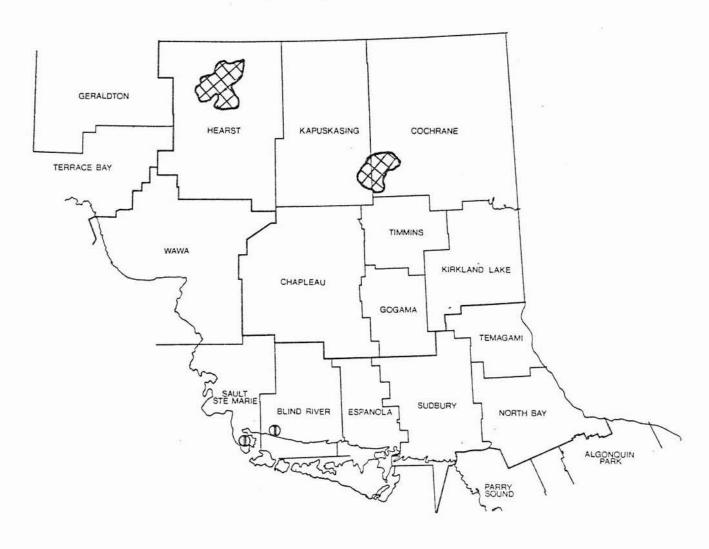
Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1953

Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation 👩 or





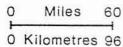
Spruce Budworm

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1954

LEGEND

Light defoliation ① Moderate-to-severe defoliation







Spruce Budworm

Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1955

LEGEND

Light defoliation ① or





Spruce Budworm

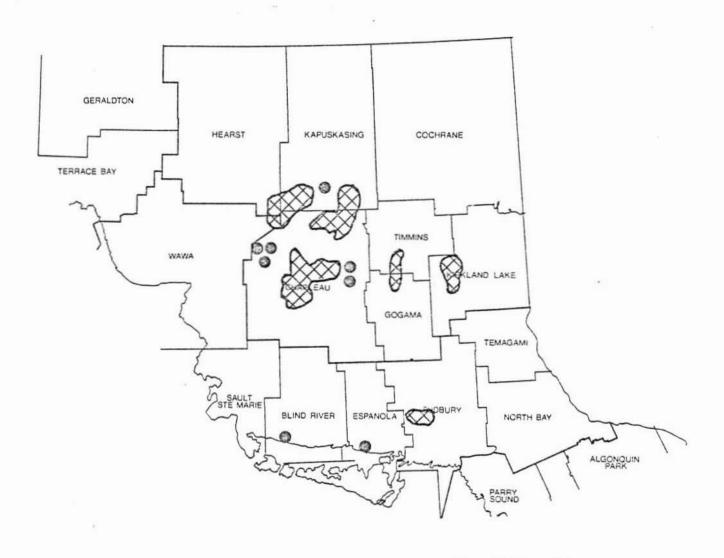
60 Miles O Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1956

LEGEND

Light defoliation





Spruce Budworm

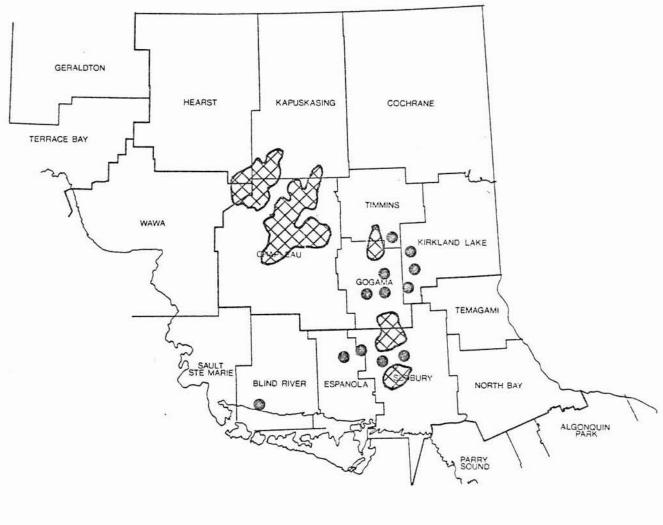
0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1968

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation ♥ or





Spruce Budworm

Miles 60 O Kilometres 96

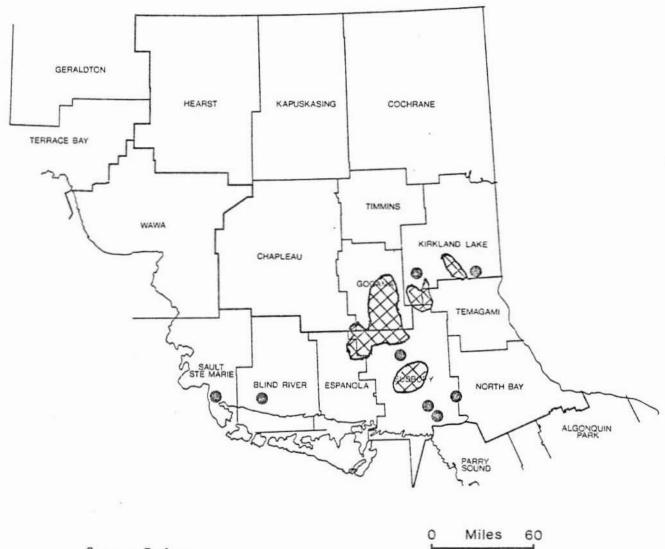
Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1969

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation 🐧 or







Spruce Budworm

0 Kilometres 96

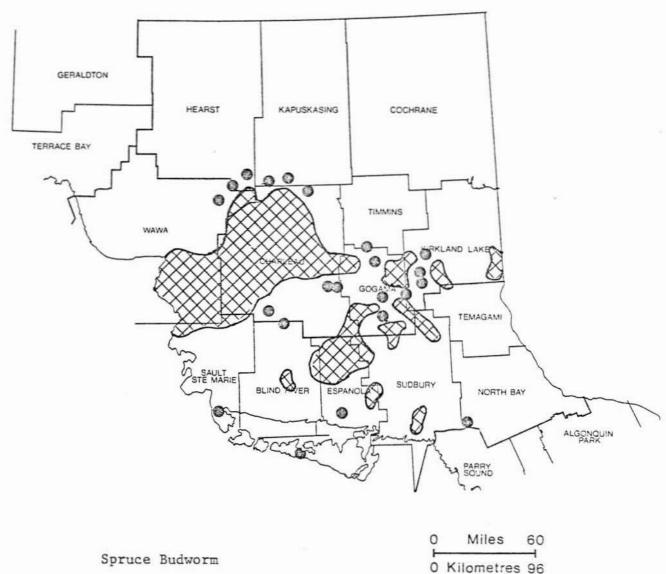
Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1970

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation or



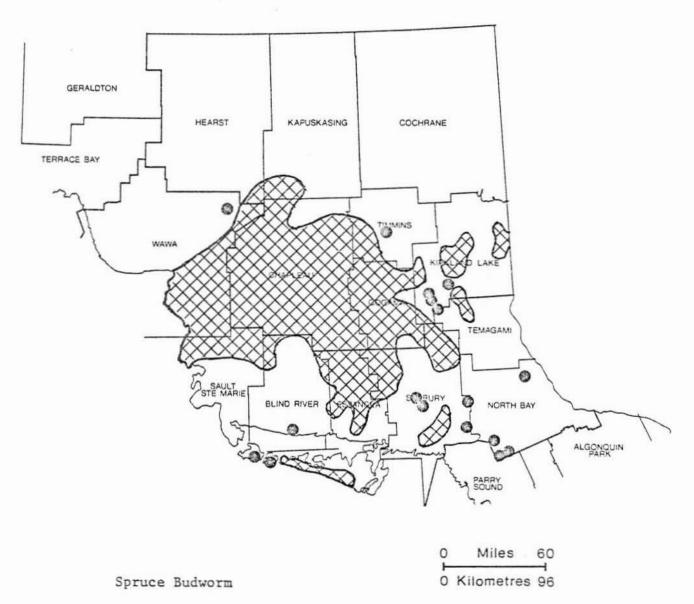




Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1971

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation 3 or



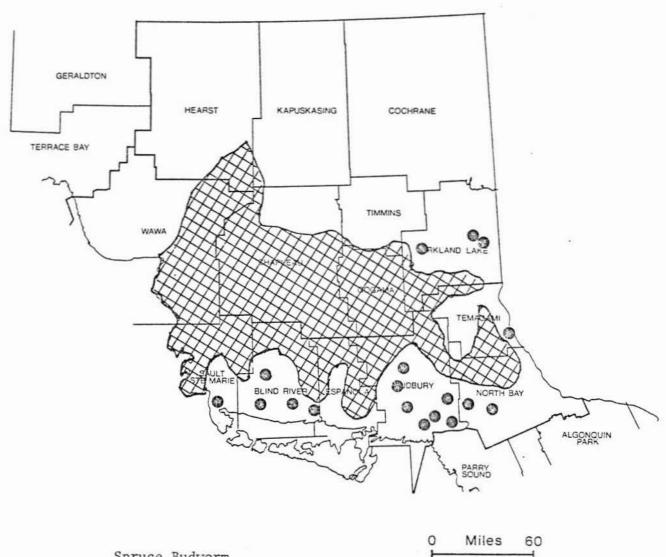
Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1972

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation or







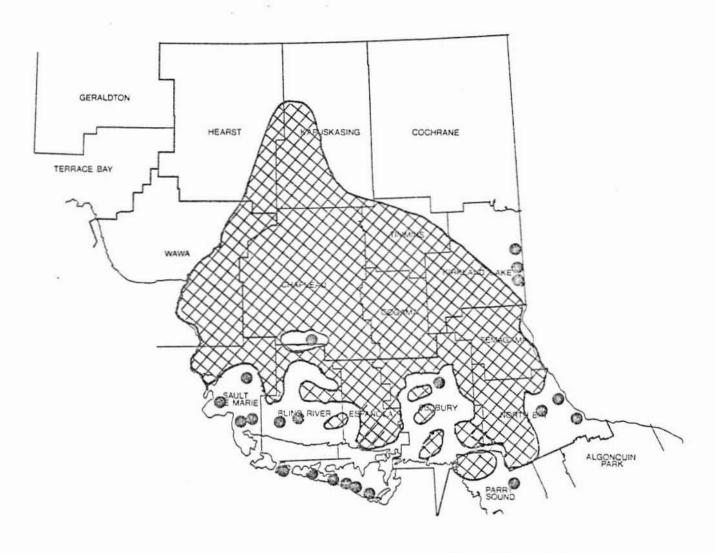
Spruce Budworm

O Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1973

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation 💿 or



Spruce Budworm

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1974

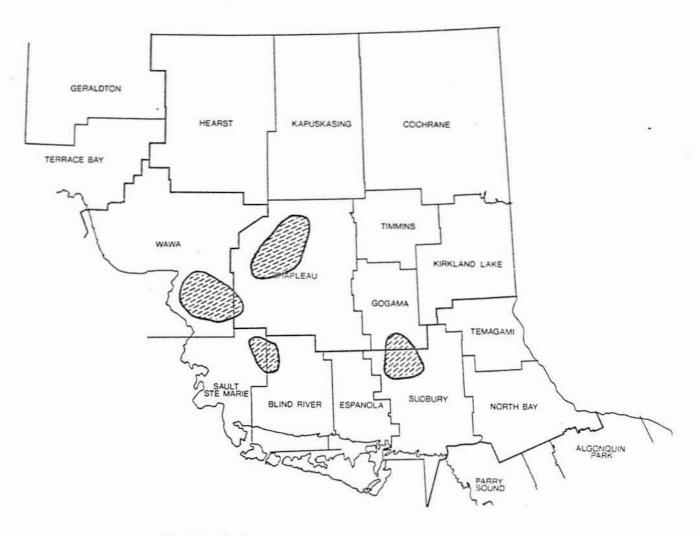
Miles 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation ③ or







Spruce Budworm

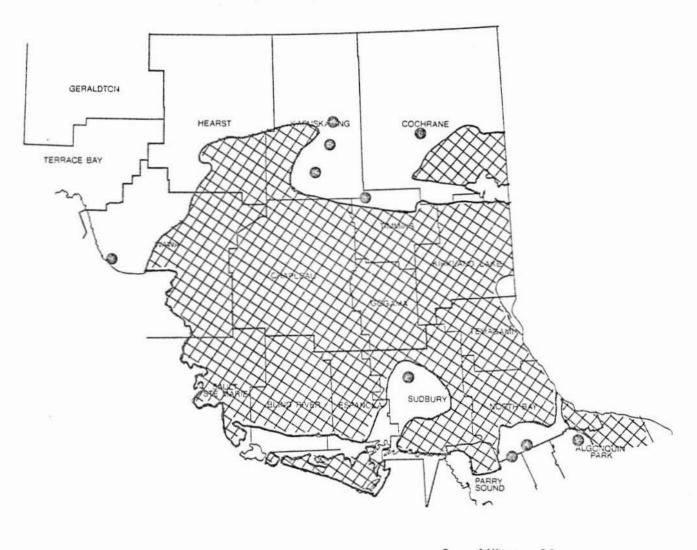
Areas within which balsam fir whole tree and top mortality occurred in 1974

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Mortality





Spruce Budworm

0 Kilometres 96

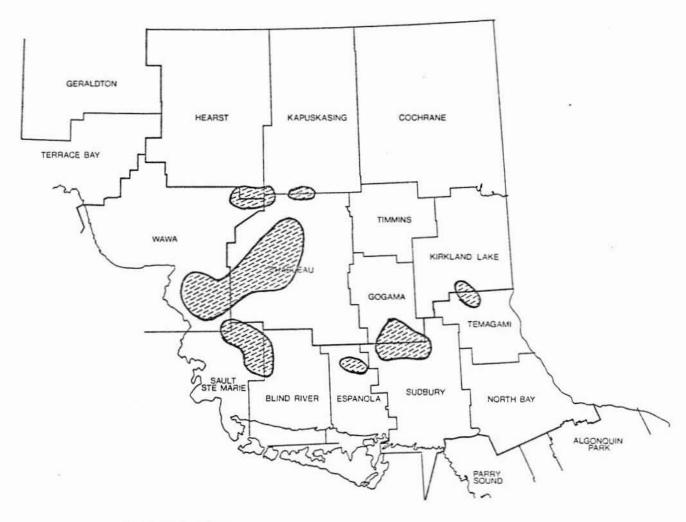
Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1975

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation or







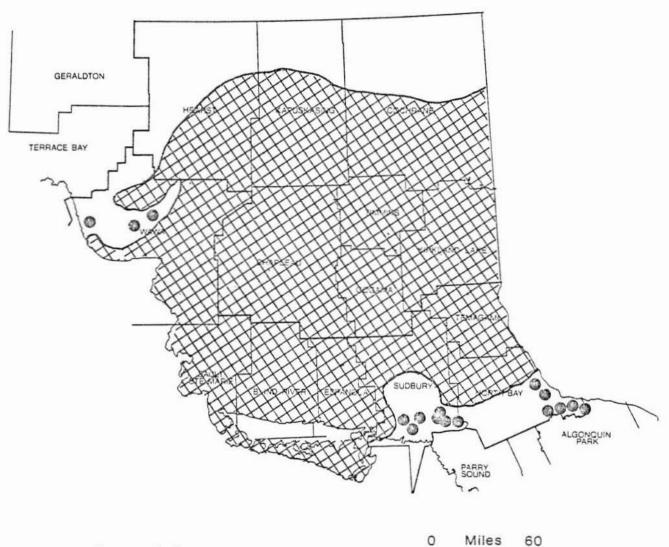
Spruce Budworm

Areas within which balsam fir whole tree and top mortality occurred in 1975 0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Mortality





Spruce Budworm

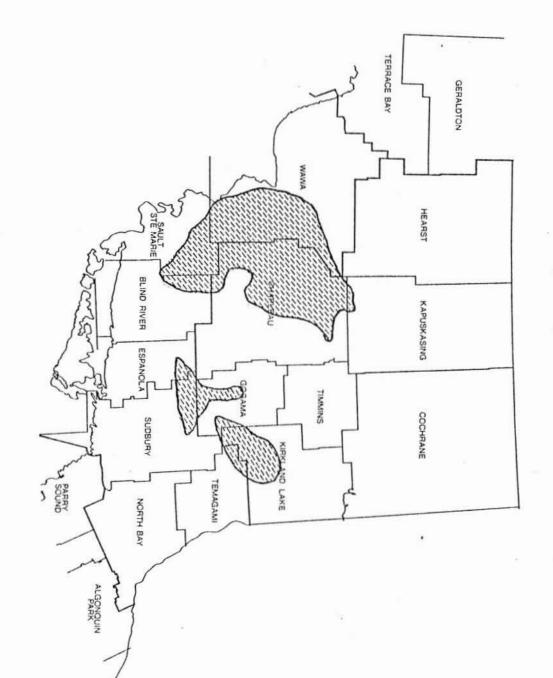
Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1976

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation 3 or

0 Kilometres 96





Mortality

LEGEND

Areas within which balsam fir whole tree and top mortality occurred in 1976

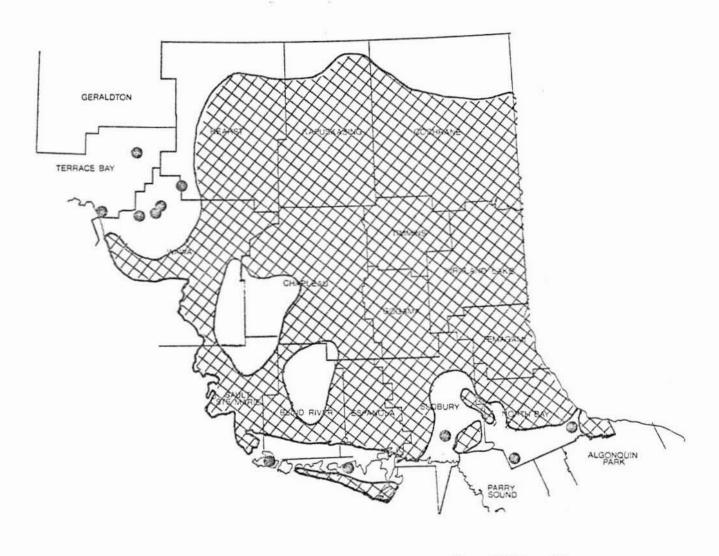
0 Kilometres 96

0

Miles

60

Spruce Budworm



Spruce Budworm

Miles 0 Kilometres 96

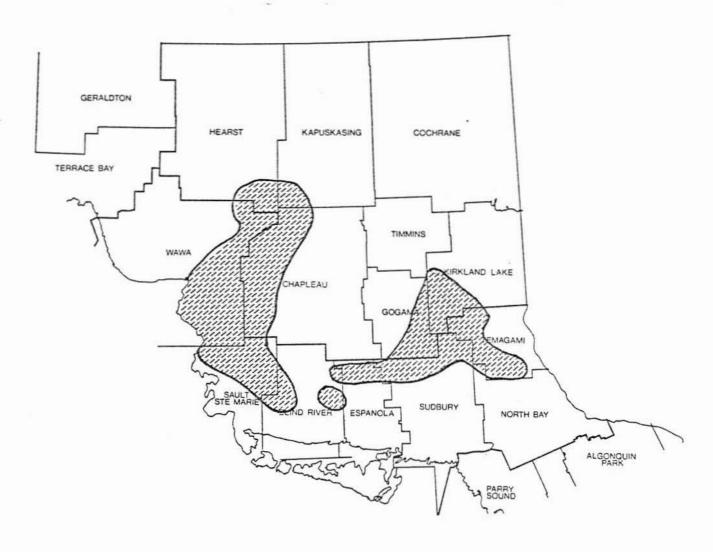
Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1977

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation o or







Spruce Budworm

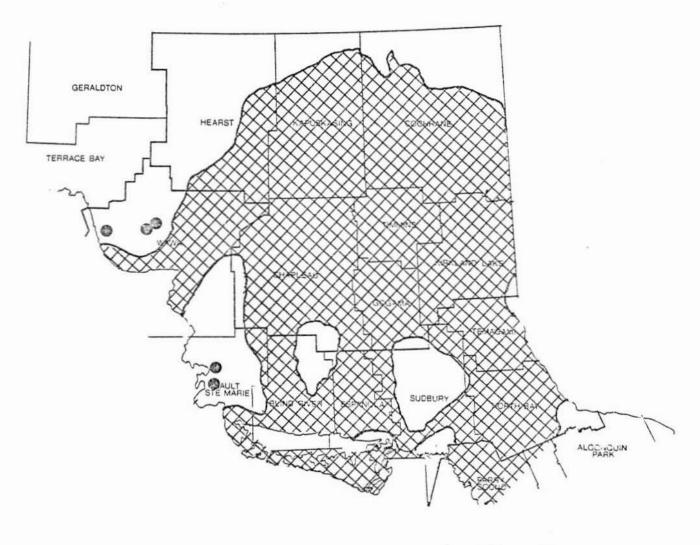
Areas within which balsam fir whole tree and top mortality occurred in 1977

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Mortality





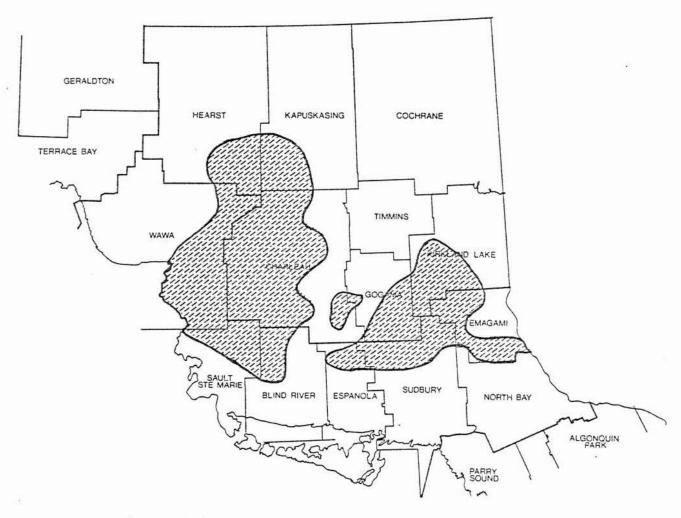
Spruce Budworm

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1978

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation 🕤 or



Spruce Budworm

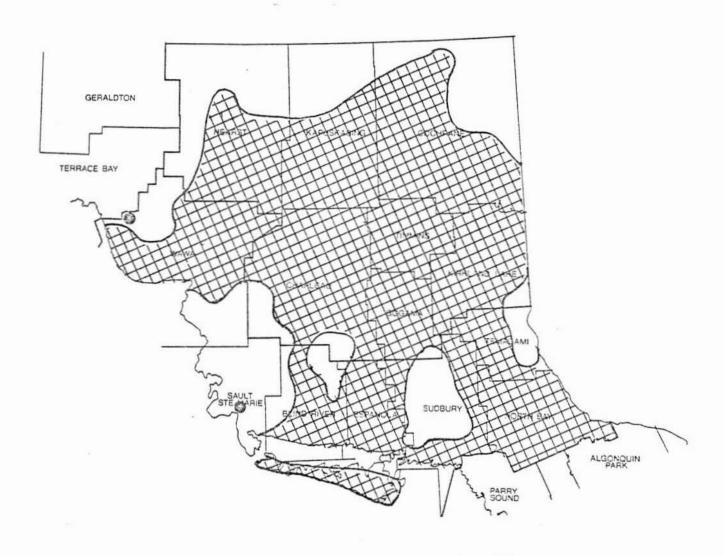
Areas within which balsam fir whole tree and top mortality occurred in 1978

0 Miles 60 1 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Mortality





Spruce Budworm

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1979

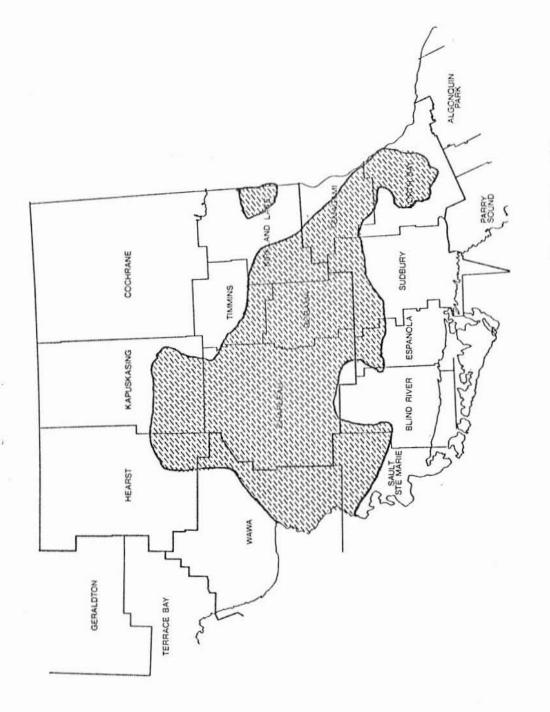
LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation or



Miles

0 Kilometres 96



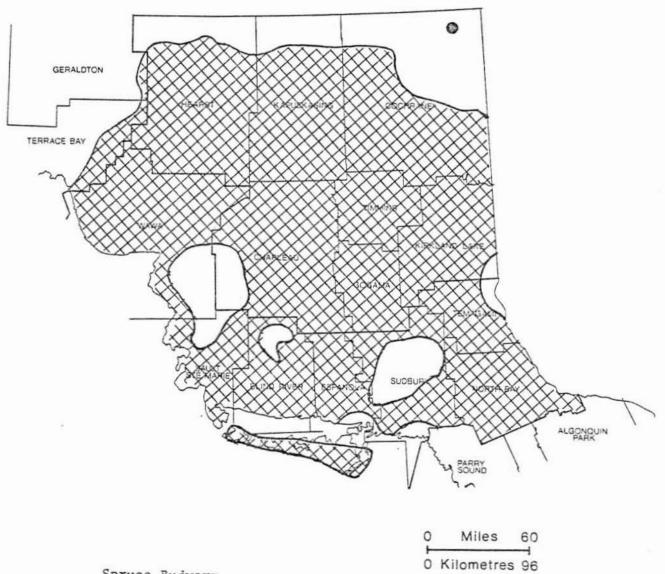
Spruce Budworm

Miles 60

Areas within which balsam fir whole tree and top mortality occurred in 1979

LEGEND

Mortality

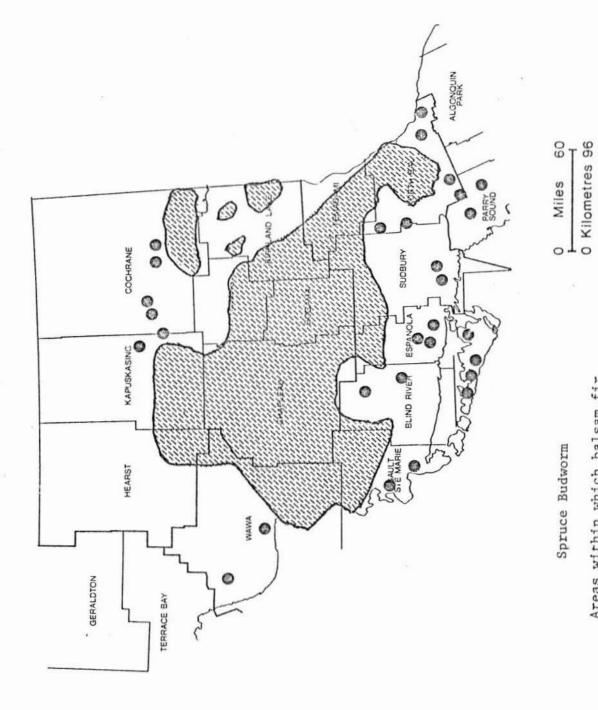


Spruce Budworm

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1980

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation o or



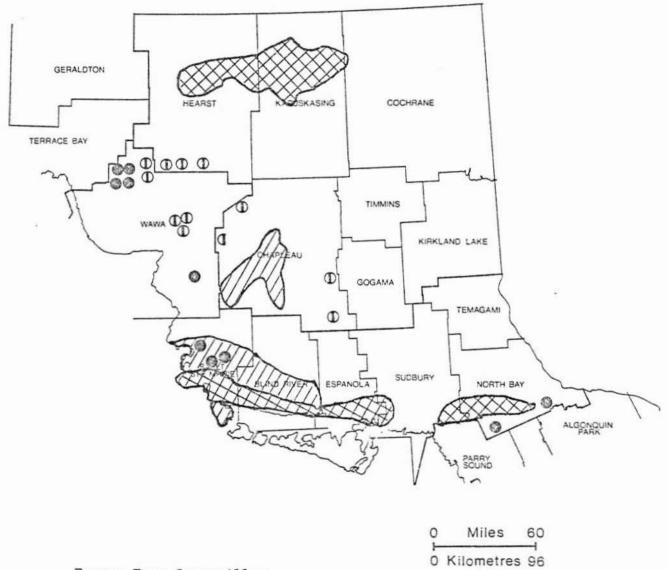
Spruce Budworm

Areas within which balsam fir whole tree and top mortality occurred in 1980

LEGEND

Mortality

OL

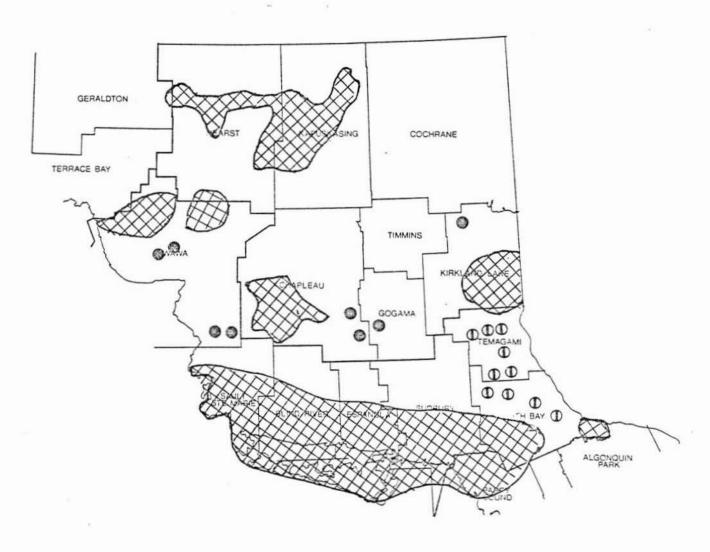


Forest Tent Caterpillar

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1950

LEGEND

Light defoliation ① or Moderate-to-severe defoliation ③ or



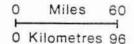
Forest Tent Caterpillar

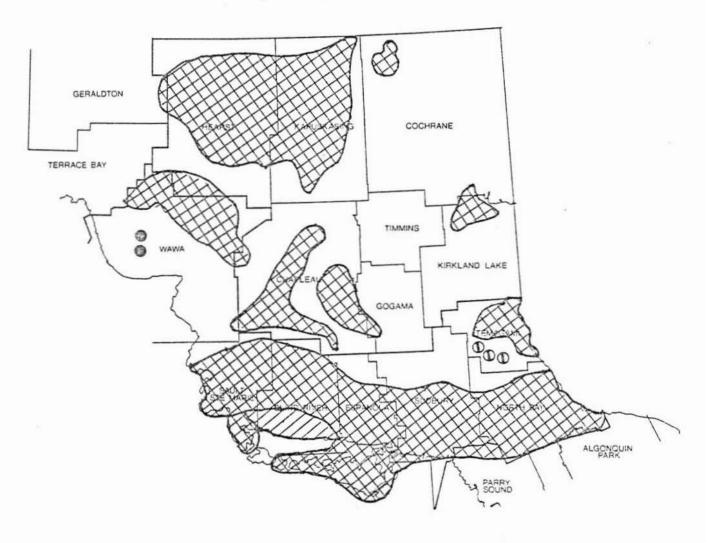
Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1951

LEGEND

Light defoliation Φ

Moderate-to-severe defoliation ❸ or ₩



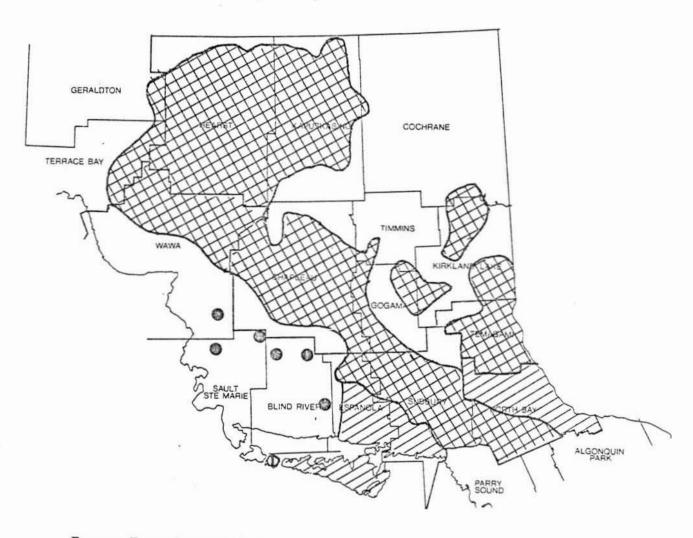


Forest Tent Caterpillar

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1952

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND



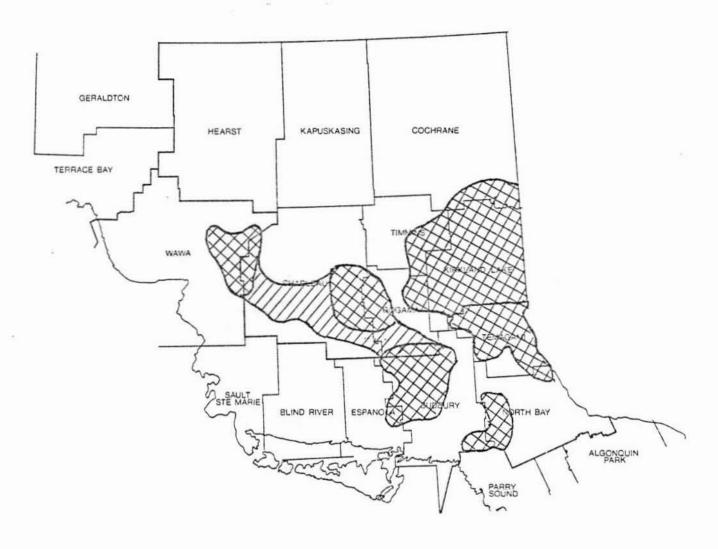
Forest Tent Caterpillar

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1953

0 Miles 60 1 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Light defoliation ① or



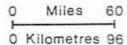
Forest Tent Caterpillar

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1954

LEGEND

Light defoliation

Moderate-to-severe defoliation





Forest Tent Caterpillar

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1955

LEGEND

Light defoliation ① or Moderate-to-severe defoliation





Forest Tent Caterpillar

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1956

Miles 60 O Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Light defoliation









Forest Tent Caterpillar

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1957

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Light defoliation ①

Moderate-to-severe defoliation ③



Forest Tent Caterpillar

O Miles 60 O Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1960

LEGEND

Light defoliation ⊕

Moderate-to-severe defoliation ⊜



Forest Tent Caterpillar

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1961

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND

Light defoliation ①

Moderate-to-severe defoliation ③



Forest Tent Caterpillar

Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1962

LEGEND

Light defoliation ① Moderate-to-severe defoliation





Forest Tent Caterpillar

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1963

LEGEND

Light defoliation Φ . Moderate-to-severe defoliation \bullet or



Forest Tent Caterpillar

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1964



LEGEND



Forest Tent Caterpillar

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1965

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND



Forest Tent Caterpillar

Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1966

LEGEND

Light defoliation







Forest Tent Caterpillar

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1967

LEGEND

Light defoliation \bigcirc Moderate-to-severe defoliation \bigcirc or



Forest Tent Caterpillar

Miles 60 O Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1968

LEGEND

Light defoliation ① Moderate-to-severe defoliation



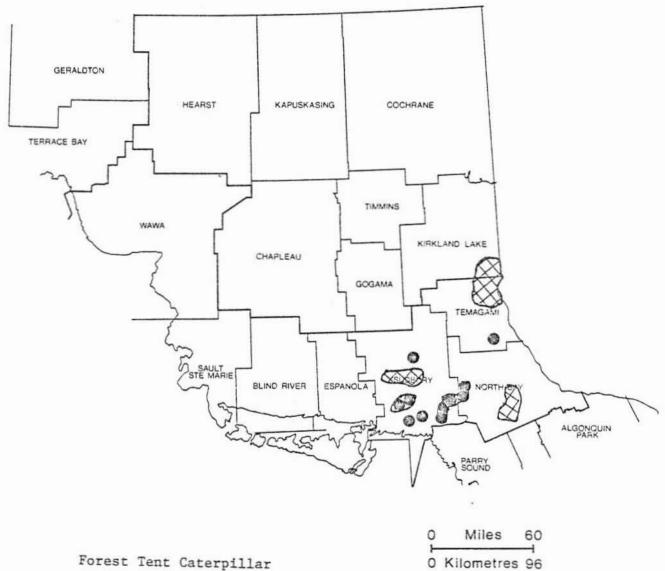


Forest Tent Caterpillar

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1969

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND



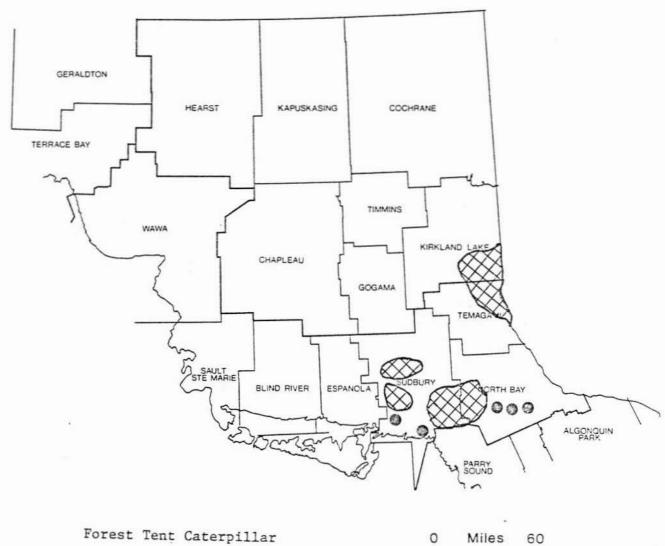
O Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1973

LEGEND







Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1974

Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

LEGEND







Forest Tent Caterpillar

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1975

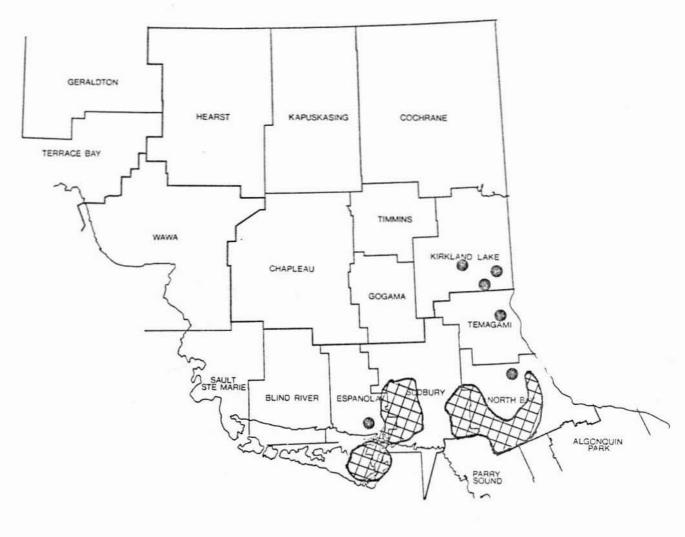
LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation ◎ or





0 Kilometres 96

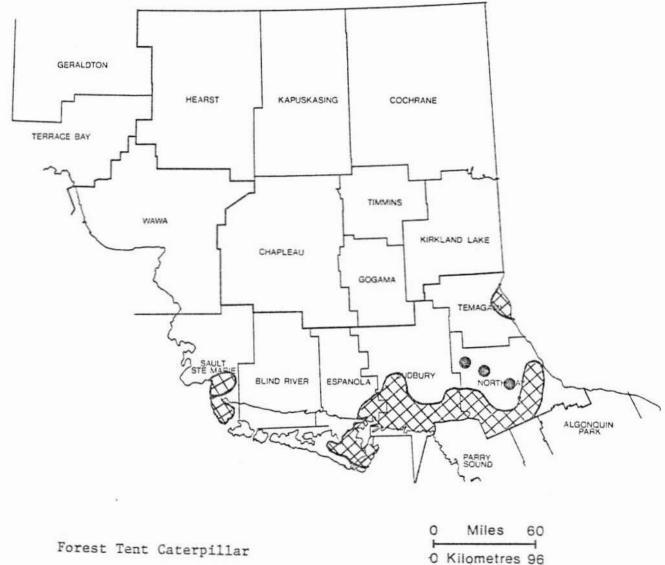


Forest Tent Caterpillar

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1976

LEGEND



Forest Tent Caterpillar

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1977

LEGEND



Forest Tent Caterpillar

Miles 60 O Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1978

LEGEND







Forest Tent Caterpillar

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1979

LEGEND

Moderate-to-severe defoliation 0

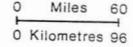
0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96



Forest Tent Caterpillar

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1980

LEGEND





O Kilometres 96

Ambermarked Birch Leafminer

Areas with which defoliation occurred in 1958

LEGEND



Ambermarked Birch Leafminer

0 Miles 60 0 Kilometres 96

Areas within which defoliation occurred in 1960

LEGEND

Light defoliation Moderate-to-severe defoliation